

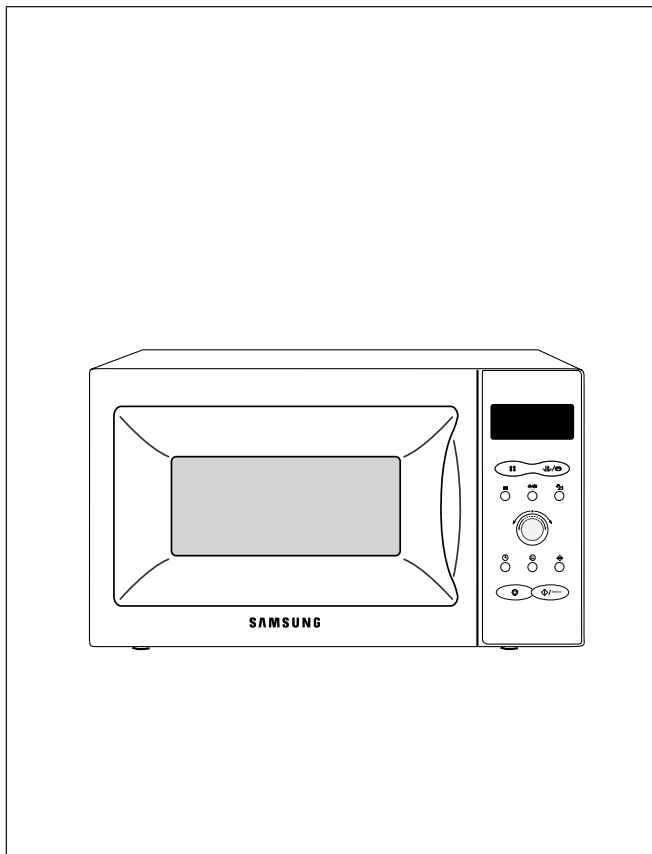


MICROWAVE OVEN

CE957GR

SERVICEManual

MICROWAVE OVEN



SRSC

CONTENTS

1. Precaution
2. Specifications
3. Operating Instructions
4. Disassembly and Reassembly
5. Alignment and Adjustments
6. Troubleshooting
7. Exploded Views and Parts List
8. PCB Diagrams
9. Schematic Diagrams

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

- (a) Do not operate or allow the oven to be operated with the door open.
- (b) Make the following safety checks on all ovens to be serviced before activating the magnetron or other microwave source, and make repairs as necessary:
 - (1) Interlock operation,
 - (2) proper door closing,
 - (3) seal and sealing surfaces (arcing, wear, and other damage),
 - (4) damage to or loosening of hinges and latches,
 - (5) evidence of dropping or abuse.
- (c) Before turning on microwave power for any service test or inspection within the microwave generating compartments, check the magnetron, wave guide or transmission line, and cavity for proper alignment, integrity, and connections.
- (d) Any defective or misadjusted components in the interlock, monitor, door seal, and microwave generation and transmission systems shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted by procedures described in this manual before the oven is released to the owner.
- (e) A Microwave leakage check to verify compliance with the Federal performance standard should be performed on each oven prior to release to the owner.

1. Precaution

Follow these special safety precautions. Although the microwave oven is completely safe during ordinary use, repair work can be extremely hazardous due to possible exposure to microwave radiation, as well as potentially lethal high voltages and currents.

1-1 Safety precautions (⚠)

1. All repairs should be done in accordance with the procedures described in this manual. This product complies with Federal Performance Standard 21 CFR Subchapter J (DHHS).
2. Microwave emission check should be performed prior to servicing if the oven is operative.
3. If the oven operates with the door open : Instruct the user not to operate the oven and contact the manufacturer and the center for devices and radiological health immediately.
4. Notify the Central Service Center if the microwave leakage exceeds 5 mW/cm²
5. Check all grounds.
6. Do not power the MWO from a "2-prong" AC cord. Be sure that all of the built-in protective devices are replaced. Restore any missing protective shields.
7. When reinstalling the chassis and its assemblies, be sure to restore all protective devices, including: nonmetallic control knobs and compartment covers.
8. Make sure that there are no cabinet openings through which people--particularly children--might insert objects and contact dangerous voltages. Examples: Lamp hole, ventilation slots.
9. Inform the manufacturer of any oven found to have emission in excess of 5 mW/cm², Make repairs to bring the unit into compliance at no cost to owner and try to determine cause. Instruct owner not to use oven until it has been brought into compliance.
10. Service technicians should remove their watches while repairing an MWO.
11. To avoid any possible radiation hazard, replace parts in accordance with the wiring diagram. Also, use only the exact replacements for the following parts: Primary and secondary interlock switches, interlock monitor switch.
12. If the fuse is blown by the Interlock Monitor Switch: Replace all of the following at the same time: Primary, door sensing switch and power relay, as well as the Interlock Monitor Switch. The correct adjustment of these switches is described elsewhere in this manual. Make sure that the fuse has the correct rating for the particular model being repaired.
13. Design Alteration Warning: Use exact replacement parts only, i.e., only those that are specified in the drawings and parts lists of this manual. This is especially important for the Interlock switches, described above. Never alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of the MWO. Any design changes or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty. 10. Always unplug the unit's AC power cord from the AC power source before attempting to remove or reinstall any component or assembly.
14. Never defeat any of the B+ voltage interlocks. Do not apply AC power to the unit (or any of its assemblies) unless all solid-state heat sinks are correctly installed.
15. Some semiconductor ("solid state") devices are easily damaged by static electricity. Such components are called Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESDs). Examples include integrated circuits and field-effect transistors.

Immediately before handling any semiconductor components or assemblies, drain the electrostatic charge from your body by touching a known earth ground.
16. Always connect a test instrument's ground lead to the instrument chassis ground *before* connecting the positive lead; always remove the instrument's ground lead last.

CENTRAL SERVICE CENTER

1-2 Special Servicing Precautions (Continued)

17. When checking the continuity of the switches or transformer, always make sure that the power is OFF, and one of the lead wires is disconnected.
18. Components that are critical for safety are indicated in the circuit diagram by shading, ▲ or ▲.
19. Use replacement components that have the same ratings, especially for flame resistance and dielectric strength specifications. A replacement part that does not have the same safety characteristics as the original might create shock, fire or other hazards.

1-3 Special High Voltage Precautions

1. High Voltage Warning
Do not attempt to measure any of the high voltages--this includes the filament voltage of the magnetron. High voltage is present during any cook cycle.

Before touching any components or wiring, always unplug the oven and discharge the high voltage capacitor (See Figure 1-1)

2. The high-voltage capacitor remains charged about 30 seconds after disconnection. Short the negative terminal of the high-voltage capacitor to the oven chassis. (Use a screwdriver.)
3. High voltage is maintained within specified limits by close-tolerance, safety-related components and adjustments. If the high voltage exceeds the specified limits, check each of the special components.

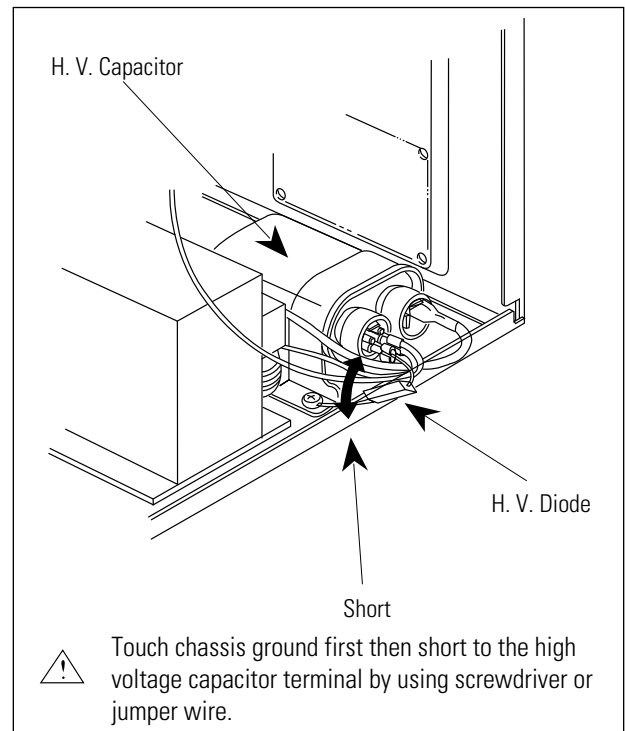


Fig. 1-1. Discharging the High Voltage Capacitor

PRECAUTION

There exists HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRICITY with high current capabilities in the circuits of the HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSFORMER secondary and filament terminals. It is extremely dangerous to work on or near these circuits with the oven energized.
DO NOT measure the voltage in the high voltage circuit including filament voltage of magnetron.

PRECAUTION

Never touch any circuit wiring with your hand nor with uninsulated tool during operation.

PRECAUTION

Servicemen should remove their watches whenever working close to or replacing the magnetron.

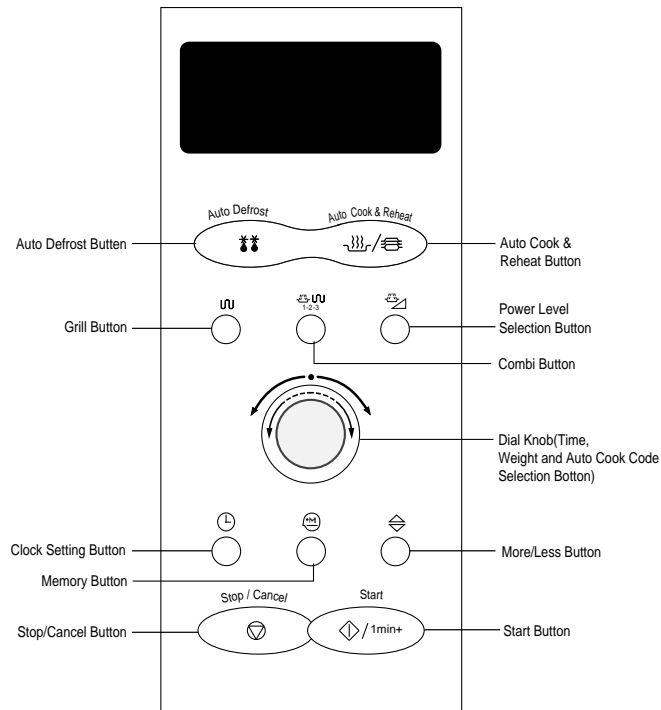
2. Specifications

2-1 Table of Specifications

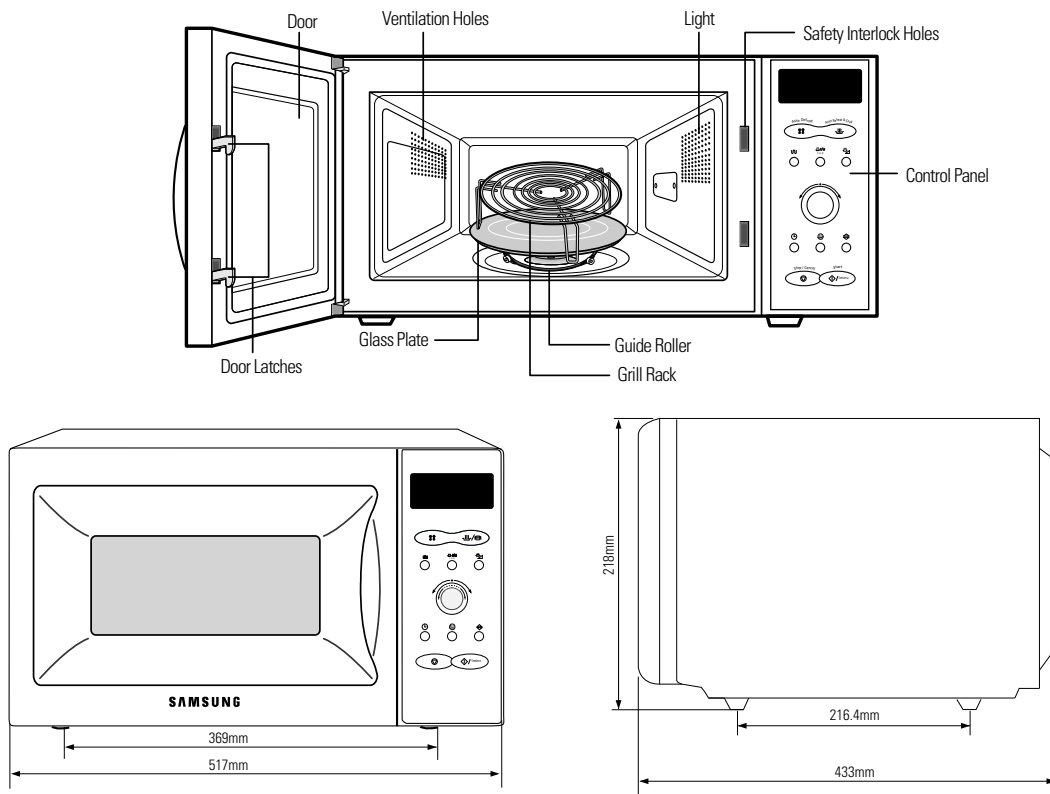
ITEM	MODEL	CE957GR
TIMER		99 MINUTES 90 SECONDS
POWER SOURCE		230V/50HZ, AC
POWER CONSUMPTION		MICROWAVE : 1,500W, GRILL : 1,300W
OUTPUT POWER		FROM 90 TO 900W (10 LEVEL POWER) (IEC-705 TEST PROCEDURE)
OPERATING FREQUENCY		2,450MHz
MAGNETRON		OM75PH(31)
COOLING METHOD		COOLING FAN MOTOR
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS		517(W) x 298(H) x 433(D)
NET WEIGHT		20 Kg
SHIPPING WEIGHT		23 Kg

3. Operating Instructions

3-1 Control Panel



3-2 Features & External Views



4. Disassembly and Reassembly

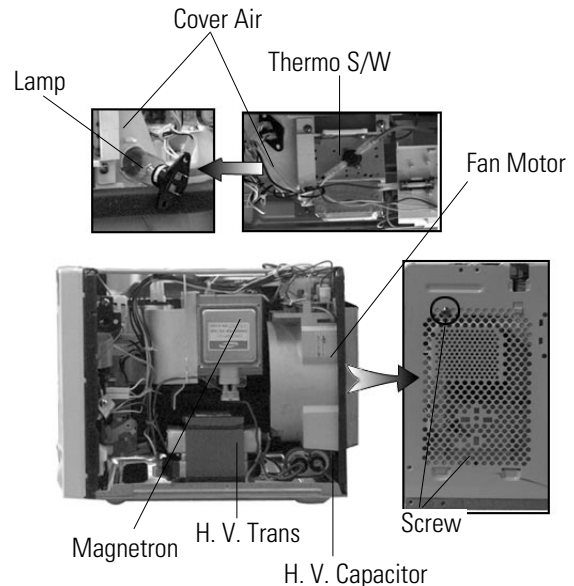
4-1 Replacement of Magnetron, Motor Assembly and Lamp

Remove the magnetron including the shield case, permanent magnet, choke coils and capacitors (all of which are contained in one assembly).

1. Disconnect all lead wires from the magnetron and lamp.
2. Remove the bracket mounting.
3. Remove the magnetron supporter
4. Remove the air cover.
5. Remove screws securing the magnetron to the wave guide.
6. Take out the magnetron very carefully.
7. Remove screws from the back panel.
8. Remove the assy noise filter.
9. Take out the fan motor.
10. Remove the oven lamp by pulling out from hole of air cover carefully.

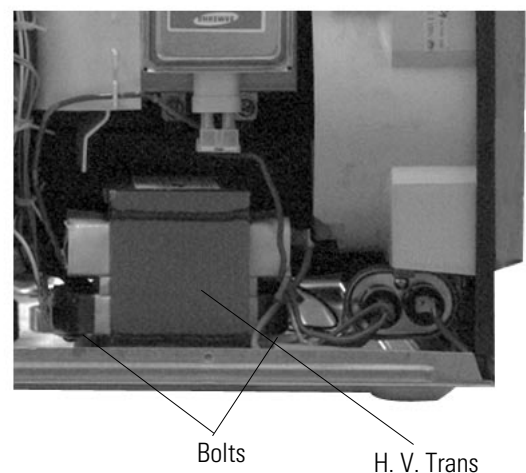
NOTE1: When removing the magnetron, make sure that its antenna does not hit any adjacent parts, or it may be damaged.

NOTE2: When replacing the magnetron, be sure to remount the magnetron gasket in the correct position and make sure the gasket is in good condition.



4-2 Replacement of High Voltage Transformer

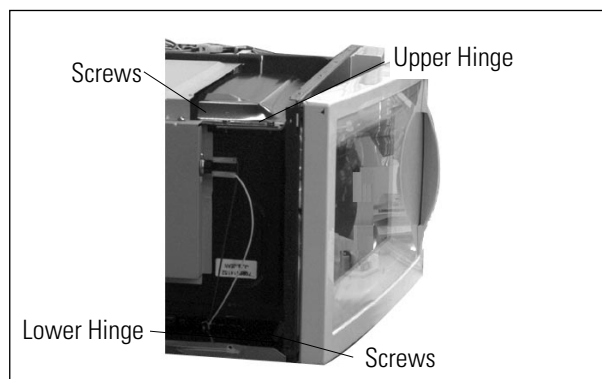
1. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
2. Disconnect all the leads.
3. Remove the mounting bolts.
4. Reconnect the leads correctly and firmly.



4-3 Replacement of Door Assembly

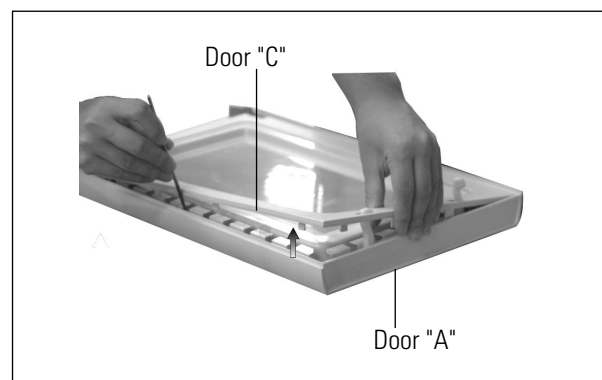
4-3-1 Removal of Door Assembly

Remove screws securing the upper hinge and lower hinge. Then remove the door assembly.



4-3-2 Removal of Door "C"

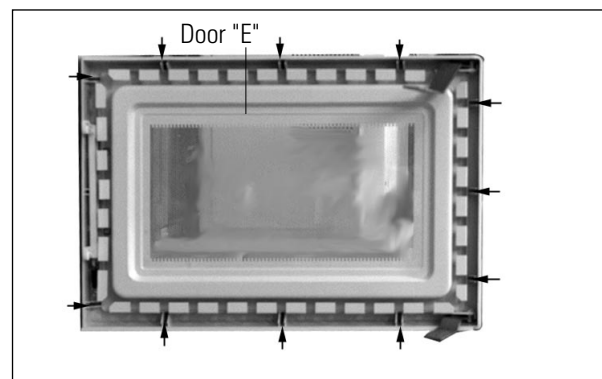
Insert flat screwdriver into the gap between Door "A" and Door "C" to remove Door "C". Be careful when handling Door "C" because it is fragile.



4-3-3 Removal of Door "E"

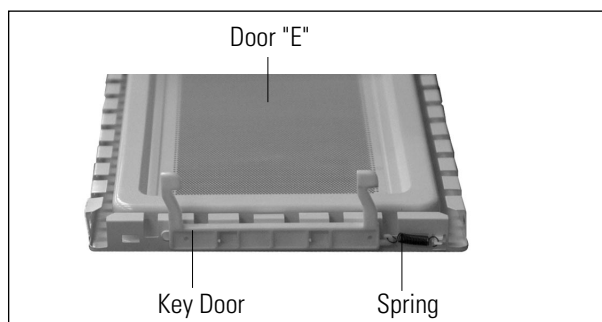
Following the procedure as shown in the figure, insert and bend a thin metal plate between Door "E" and Door "A" until you hear the 'tick' sound.

1. Insertion depth of the thin metal plate should be 0.5mm or less.



4-3-4 Removal of Key Door & Spring

Remove pin hinge from Door "E"
Detach spring from Door "E" and key door.



4-3-5 Reassembly Test

After replacement of the defective component parts of the door, reassemble it and follow the instructions below for proper installation and adjustment so as to prevent an excessive microwave leakage.

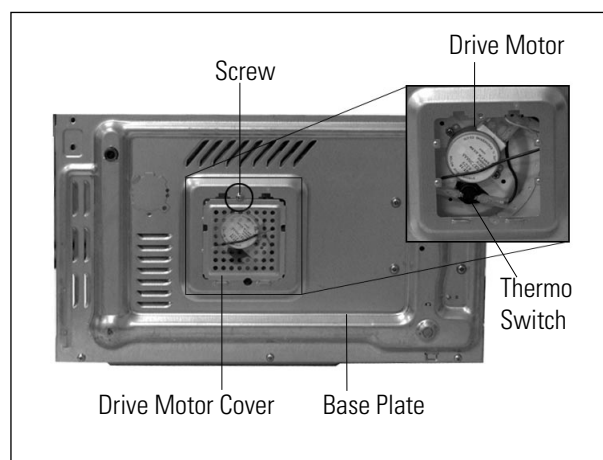
1. When mounting the door to the oven, be sure to adjust the door parallel to the bottom line of the oven face plate by moving the upper hinge and lower hinge in the direction necessary for proper alignment.
2. Adjust so that the door has no play between the inner door surface and oven front surface. If the door assembly is not mounted properly, microwave energy may leak from the space between the door and oven.
3. Do the microwave leakage test.

4-4 Replacement of Fuse

1. Disconnect the oven from the power source.
2. When 15A fuse blows out by the operation of interlock monitor switch failure, replace the primary interlock switch, door sensing switch, monitor switch and power relay.
3. When the above three switches operate properly, check if any other part such as the control circuit board, blower motor or high voltage transformer is defective.

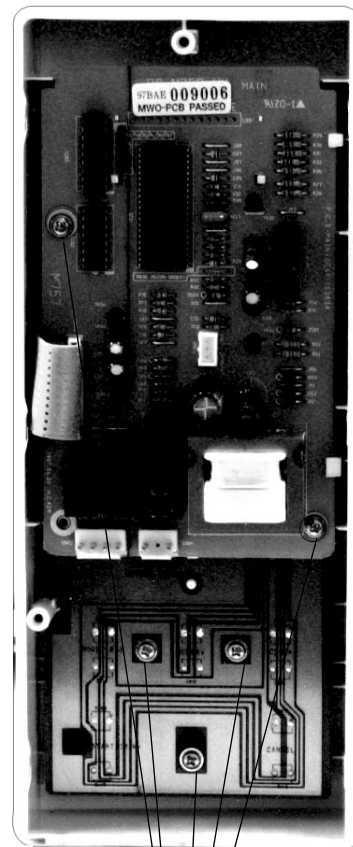
4-5 Replacement of Drive Motor

1. Take out the glass tray and guide roller from the cavity.
2. Turn the oven upside down to replace the drive motor.
3. Remove a screw securing the drive motor cover.
4. Disconnect all the lead wires from the drive motor.
5. Remove screws securing the drive motor to the cavity.
6. Remove the drive motor and coupler.
7. When replacing the drive motor, be sure to remount it in the correct position with the coupler.
8. Connect all the leads to the drive motor.
9. Screw the drive motor cover to the base plate with a screw driver.



4-6 Replacement of Control Circuit Board

1. Be sure to discharge any static electricity from your body, and avoid touching the "Touch control" clrcuitry.
2. Disconnect the connectors from the control circuit board.
3. Remove screws securing the control circuit bord.
4. Lift up the control circuit board from right side and remove the hooks holding the contol circuit board to the box assembly.



SCREWS

5. Alignment and Adjustments

PRECAUTION

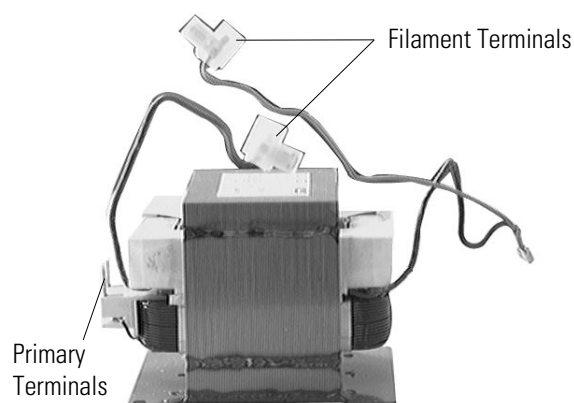
1. High voltage is present at the high voltage terminals during any cook cycle.
2. It is neither necessary nor advisable to attempt measurement of the high voltage.
3. Before touching any oven components or wiring, always unplug the oven from its power source and discharge the high voltage capacitor.

5-1 High Voltage Transformer

1. Remove connectors from the transformer terminals and check continuity.
2. Normal resistance readings are as follows:

MODEL	(SHV-945EG1)
Secondary	$90.0\Omega \pm 10\%$
Filament	Shows Continuity
Primary	$1.45\Omega \pm 10\%$

(Room temperature = 20 °C)



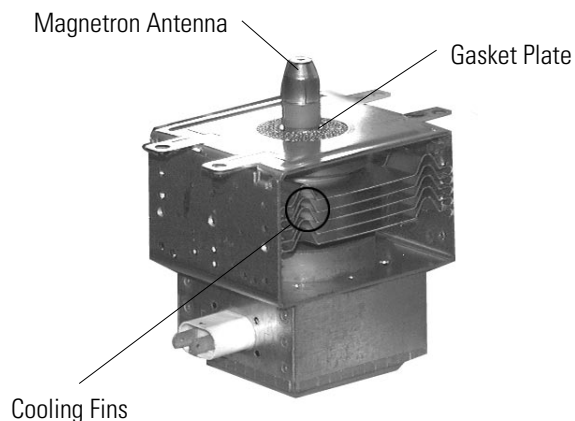
5-2 Low Voltage Transformer

1. The low voltage transformer is located on the control circuit board.
2. Remove the low voltage transformer from the PCB Ass'y and check continuity.
3. Normal resistor reading is shown in the table.

Terminals	Resistance
1~2(Input)	114.9Ω
4~5(Output 17V)	12.26Ω
7~8(Output 2.7V)	2.574Ω

5-3 Magnetron

1. Continuity checks can indicate only an open filament or a shorted magnetron. To diagnose an open filament or shorted magnetron :
2. Isolate the magnetron from the circuit by disconnecting its leads.
3. A continuity check across the magnetron filament terminals should indicate one ohm or less.
4. A continuity check between each filament terminal and magnetron case should read open.



5-4 High Voltage Capacitor

1. Check continuity of the capacitor with the meter set at the highest resistance scale.
2. Once the capacitor is charged, a normal capacitor shows continuity for a short time, and then indicates $9M\Omega$.
3. A shorted capacitor will show continuous continuity.
4. An open capacitor will show constant $9M\Omega$.
5. Resistance between each terminal and chassis should read infinite.

5-5 High Voltage Diode

1. Isolate the diode from the circuit by disconnecting its leads.
2. With the ohm-meter set at the highest resistance scale, measure across the diode terminals. Reverse the meter leads and read the resistance. A meter with 6V, 9V or higher voltage batteries should be used to check the front-to back resistance of the diode (otherwise an infinite resistance may be read in both directions). The resistance of a normal diode will be infinite in one direction and several hundred $K\Omega$ in the other direction.

5-6 Main Relay and Power Control Relay

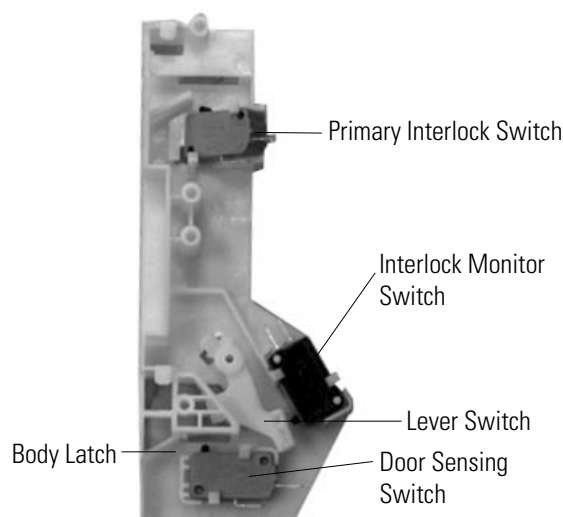
1. The relays are located on the PCB Ass'y. Isolate them from the main circuit by disconnecting the leads.
2. Operate the microwave oven with a water load in the oven. Set the power level set to high.
3. Check continuity between terminals of the relays after the start pad is pressed.

5-7 Adjustment of Primary Switch, Door Sensing Switch and Monitor Switch

Precaution

For continued protection against radiation hazard, replace parts in accordance with the wiring diagram and be sure to use the correct part number for the following switches: Primary and door sensing switches, and the interlock monitor switch (replace all together). Then follow the adjustment procedures below. After repair and adjustment, be sure to check the continuity of all interlock switches and the interlock monitor switch.

1. When mounting Primary switch and Interlock Monitor switch to Latch Body, consult the figure.
2. No specific adjustment during installation of Primary switch and Monitor switch to the latch body is necessary.
3. When mounting the Latch Body to the oven assembly, adjust the Latch Body by moving it so that the oven door will not have any play in it. Check for play in the door by pulling the door assembly. Make sure that the latch keys move smoothly after adjustment is completed. Completely tighten the screws holding the Latch Body to the oven assembly.
4. Reconnect to Monitor switch and check the continuity of the monitor circuit and all latch switches again by following the components test procedures.
5. Confirm that the gap between the switch housing and the switch actuator is no more than 0.5mm when door is closed.



	Door Open	Door Closed
Primary switch	∞	0
Monitor switch (COM-NC)	0	∞
Door Sensing S/W	∞	0

5-8 Output Power of Magnetron

CAUTION MICROWAVE RADIATION

PERSONNEL SHOULD NOT ALLOW EXPOSURE TO MICROWAVE RADIATION FROM MICROWAVE GENERATOR OR OTHER PARTS CONDUCTING MICROWAVE ENERGY.

The output power of the magnetron can be measured by performing a water temperature rise test.

Equipment needed :

* Two 1-liter cylindrical borosilicate glass vessel (Outside diameter 190 mm)

* One glass thermometer with mercury column

NOTE: Check line voltage under load. Low voltage will lower the magnetron output. Make all temperature and time tests with accurate equipment.

1. Fill the one liter glass vessel with water.
2. Stir water in glass vessel with thermometer, and record glass vessel's temperature ("T1", $10 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$).
3. After moving the water into another glass vessel, place it in the center of the cooking tray. Set the oven to high power and operate for 48seconds exactly. (1.5 seconds included as a holding time of magnetron oscillation:)
4. When heating is finished, stir the water again with the thermometer and measure the temperature ("T2").
5. Subtract T1 from T2. This will give you the water temperature rise. (ΔT)
6. The output power is obtained by the following formula;

$$\text{Output Power} = \frac{4.187 \times 1000 \times \Delta T + 0.88 \times \text{Mc} \times (T_2 - T_0)}{46.5}$$

46.5: Heating Time (sec)
 4.187 : Coefficient for Water
 1000 : Water (cc)
 ΔT : Temperature Rise ($T_2 - T_1$)
 Mc : Cylindrical borosilicate glass weight
 T_0 : Room temperature.

7. Normal temperature rise for this model is 9°C to 11°C at 'HIGH'.

NOTE 1: Variations or errors in the test procedure will cause a variance in the temperature rise.

Additional power test should be made if temperature rise is marginal.

NOTE 2: Output power in watts is computed by multiplying the temperature rise (step 5) by a factor of 90 times the of centigrade temperature.

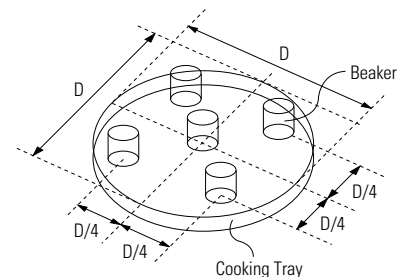
5-9 Microwave Heat Distribution - Heat Evenness

The microwave heat distribution can be checked indirectly by measuring the water temperature rise at certain positions in the oven:

1. Prepare five beakers made of 'Pyrex', having 100 milliliters capacity each.
2. Measure exactly 100milliliters off water load with a measuring cylinder, and pour into each beaker.
3. Measure the temperature of each water load. (Readings shall be taken to the first place of decimals.)
4. Put each beaker in place on the cooking tray as illustrated in figure below. Start heating.
5. After heating for 2 minutes, measure the water temperature in each beaker.
6. Microwave heat distribution rate can be calculated as follows:

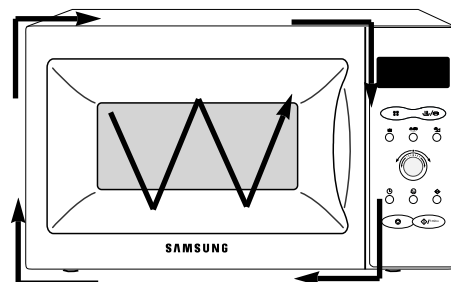
$$\text{Heat Distribution} = \frac{\text{Minimum Temperature Rise}}{\text{Maximum Temperature Rise}} \times 100(\%)$$

The result should exceed 65%.



5-10 Procedure for Measurement of Microwave Energy Leakage

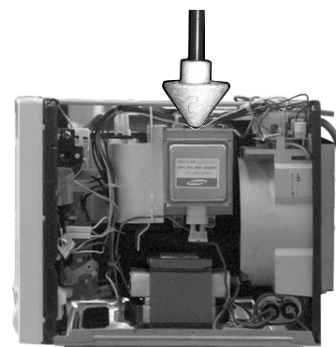
- 1) Pour 275 ± 15 cc of $20 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) water in a beaker which is graduated to 600cc, and place the beaker in the center of the oven.
- 2) Start to operate the oven and measure the leakage by using a microwave energy survey meter.
- 3) Set survey meter with dual ranges to 2,450MHz.
- 4) When measuring the leakage, always use the 2 inch spacer cone with the probe. Hold the probe perpendicular to the cabinet door. Place the spacer cone of the probe on the door and/or cabinet door seam and move along the seam, the door viewing window and the exhaust openings moving the probe in a clockwise direction at a rate of 1 inch/sec. If the leakage testing of the cabinet door seam is taken near a corner of the door, keep the probe perpendicular to the areas making sure that the probe end at the base of the cone does not get closer than 2 inches to any metal. If it gets closer than 2 inches, erroneous readings may result.
- 5) Measured leakage must be less than $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$, after repair or adjustment.



Maximum allowable leakage is $5\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$.
 $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ is used to allow for measurement and meter accuracy

5-11 Check for Microwave Leakage

1. Remove the outer panel.
2. Pour 275 ± 15 cc of $20 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$) water in a beaker which is graduated to 600cc, and place the beaker in the center of the oven.
3. Start the oven at the highest power level.
4. Set survey meter dual ranges to 2,450MHz.
5. Using the survey meter and spacer cone as described above, measure around the opening of magnetron, the surface of the air guide and the surface of the wave guide as shown in the following photo. (but avoid the high voltage components.) The reading should be less than $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$.



5-12 Note on Measurement

- 1) Do not exceed the limited scale.
- 2) The test probe must be held on the grip of the handle, otherwise a false reading may result when the operator's hand is between the handle and the probe.
- 3) When high leakage is suspected, do not move the probe horizontally along the oven surface; this may cause damage to the probe.
- 4) Follow the recommendation of the manufacturer of the microwave energy survey meter.

5-13 Leakage Measuring Procedure

5-13-1 Record keeping and notification after measurement

- 1) After adjustment and repair of a radiation preventing device, make a repair record for the measured values, and keep the data.
- 2) If the radiation leakage is more than $4\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$ after determining that all parts are in good condition, functioning properly and the identical parts are replaced as listed in this manual notify that fact to ;

CENTRAL SERVICE CENTER

- 5-13-2 At least once a year have the microwave energy survey meter checked for accuracy by its manufacturer.

6. Troubleshooting

PRECAUTION

1. CHECK GROUNDING BEFORE CHECKING FOR TROUBLE.
2. BE CAREFUL OF THE HIGH VOLTAGE CIRCUIT.
3. DISCHARGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR.
4. WHEN CHECKING THE CONTINUITY OF THE SWITCHES OR TRANSFORMER, DISCONNECT ONE LEAD WIRE FROM THESE PARTS AND THEN CHECK CONTINUITY WITHOUT THE POWER SOURCE ON. TO DO OTHERWISE MAY RESULT IN A FALSE READING OR DAMAGE TO YOUR METER.
5. DO NOT TOUCH ANY PART OF THE CIRCUIT OR THE CONTROL CIRCUIT BOARD, SINCE STATIC DISCHARGE MAY DAMAGE IT. ALWAYS TOUCH GROUND WHILE WORKING ON IT TO DISCHARGE ANY STATIC CHARGE BUILT UP.

6-1 Electrical Malfunction

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven is dead. Fuse is OK. No display and no operation at all.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open or loose lead wire harness 2. Open thermal cutout (Magnetron) 3. Open low voltage transformer 4. Defective Ass'y PCB 	<p>Check fan motor when thermal cutout is defective.</p> <p>Check Ass'y PCB when LVT is defective.</p>
No display and no operation at all. Fuse is blown.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shorted lead wire harness 2. Defective primary latch switch (NOTE 1) 3. Defective monitor switch (NOTE1) 4. Shorted HVCapacitor 5. Shorted HVTransformer (NOTE2) <p>NOTE 1: All of these switches must be replaced at the same time. (refer to adjustment instructions) Check continuity of power relay contacts and if it has continuity, replace power relay also.</p> <p>NOTE 2: When HVTransformer is replaced, check diode and magnetron also.</p>	<p>Check adjustment of primary, interlock monitor, door sensing switch.</p>
Oven does not accept key input (Program)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Key input is not in-Sequence 2. Open or loose connection of membrane key pad to Ass'y PCB 3. Shorted or open membrane panel 4. Defective Ass'y PCB 	<p>Refer to operation procedure.</p> <p>Replace PCB main.</p>
Timer starts countdown but no microwave oscillation. (No heat while oven lamp and fan motor turn on.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Off-alignment of latch switches 2. Open or loose connection of high voltage circuit especially magnetron filament circuit <p>NOTE: Large contact resistance will bring lower magnetron filament voltage and cause magnetron to lower output and/or intermittent oscillation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Defective high voltage components H.V.Transformer H.V.Capacitor H.V.Diode,H.V.Fuse Magnetron 4. Open or loose wiring of power relay 5. Defective primary latch switch 6. Defective power relay or Ass'y PCB 	<p>Adjust door and latch switches.</p> <p>Check high voltage component according to component test procedure and replace if it is defective.</p> <p>Replace PCB main.</p>

6-1 Electrical Malfunction(continued)

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven lamp and fan motor turn on	1. Misadjustment or loose wiring of primary latch switch 2. Defective primary latch switch	Adjust door and latch switches.
Oven can program but timer does not start.	1. Open or loose wiring of secondary interlock switch 2. Off-alignment of primary interlock 3. Defective secondary interlock S/W	Adjust door and interlock switches.
Microwave output is low;. Oven takes longer time to cook food.	1. Decrease in power source voltage. 2. Open or loose wiring of magnetron filament circuit. (Intermittent oscillation)) 3. Aging of magnetron	Consult electrician.
Fan motor turns on when plugged in	Loose wiring of door sensing switch	Check wire of door sensing switch.
Oven does not operate and return to the plugged in mode.	Defective Ass'y PCB	Replace PCB main.
Loud buzzing noise can be heard.	1. Loose fan and fan motor 2. Loose screws on H.V.Transformer 3. Shorted H.V.Diode	Tighten screws of fan motor. Tighten screws of H.V.Transformer. Replace H.V.Diode.
Turntable motor does not rotate.	1. Open or loose wiring of turntable motor. 2. Defective turntable motor.	Check the wire of turntable motor Replace turntable motor.
Oven stops operation during cooking	1. Open or loose wiring of primary interlock switch 2. Operation of thermal cutout(Magnetron)	Adjust door and latch switches.
Sparks	1. Metallic ware or cooking dishes touching on the oven wall. 2. Ceramic ware trimmed with gold or silver powder also causes sparks.	Inform the customer. Do not use any type of cookware with metallic trimming.
Uneven cooking	Uneven intensity of microwave due to its characteristics.	Wrap thinner parts of the food with aluminum foil. Use plastic wrap or cover with a lid. Stir once or twice while cooking foods such as soup, cocoa, or milk.
Noise from the turntable motor when it starts to operate.	Noise may result from the motor.	Replace turntable motor.

6. Troubleshooting

PRECAUTION

1. CHECK GROUNDING BEFORE CHECKING FOR TROUBLE.
2. BE CAREFUL OF THE HIGH VOLTAGE CIRCUIT.
3. DISCHARGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR.
4. WHEN CHECKING THE CONTINUITY OF THE SWITCHES OR TRANSFORMER, DISCONNECT ONE LEAD WIRE FROM THESE PARTS AND THEN CHECK CONTINUITY WITHOUT THE POWER SOURCE ON. TO DO OTHERWISE MAY RESULT IN A FALSE READING OR DAMAGE TO YOUR METER.
5. DO NOT TOUCH ANY PART OF THE CIRCUIT OR THE CONTROL CIRCUIT BOARD, SINCE STATIC DISCHARGE MAY DAMAGE IT. ALWAYS TOUCH GROUND WHILE WORKING ON IT TO DISCHARGE ANY STATIC CHARGE BUILT UP.

6-1 Electrical Malfunction

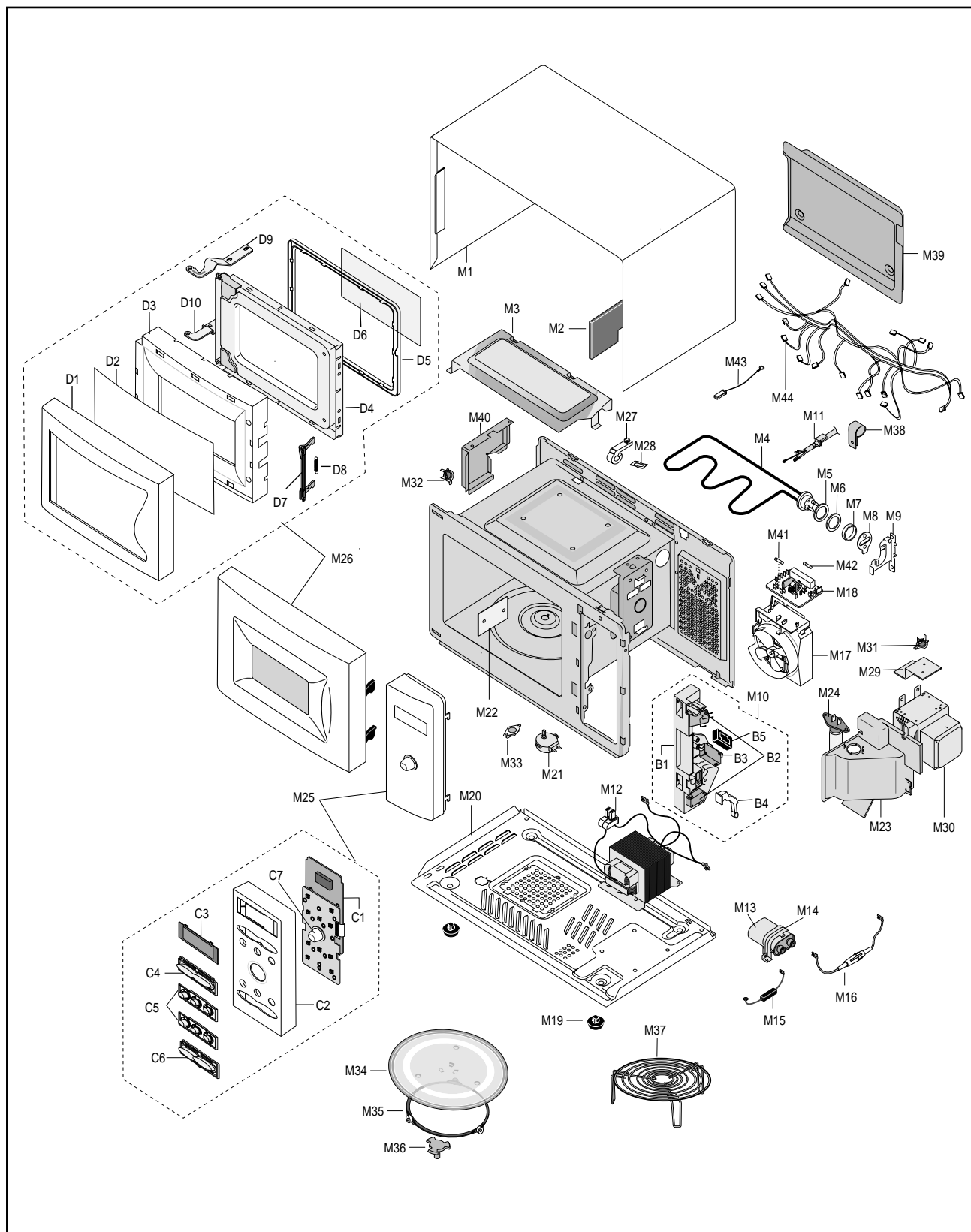
SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven is dead. Fuse is OK. No display and no operation at all.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Open or loose lead wire harness 2. Open thermal cutout (Magnetron) 3. Open low voltage transformer 4. Defective Ass'y PCB 	<p>Check fan motor when thermal cutout is defective.</p> <p>Check Ass'y PCB when LVT is defective.</p>
No display and no operation at all. Fuse is blown.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Shorted lead wire harness 2. Defective primary latch switch (NOTE 1) 3. Defective monitor switch (NOTE1) 4. Shorted HVCapacitor 5. Shorted HVTransformer (NOTE2) <p>NOTE 1: All of these switches must be replaced at the same time. (refer to adjustment instructions) Check continuity of power relay contacts and if it has continuity, replace power relay also.</p> <p>NOTE 2: When HVTransformer is replaced, check diode and magnetron also.</p>	<p>Check adjustment of primary, interlock monitor, door sensing switch.</p>
Oven does not accept key input (Program)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Key input is not in-Sequence 2. Open or loose connection of membrane key pad to Ass'y PCB 3. Shorted or open membrane panel 4. Defective Ass'y PCB 	<p>Refer to operation procedure.</p> <p>Replace PCB main.</p>
Timer starts countdown but no microwave oscillation. (No heat while oven lamp and fan motor turn on.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Off-alignment of latch switches 2. Open or loose connection of high voltage circuit especially magnetron filament circuit <p>NOTE: Large contact resistance will bring lower magnetron filament voltage and cause magnetron to lower output and/or intermittent oscillation.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Defective high voltage components H.V.Transformer H.V.Capacitor H.V.Diode,H.V.Fuse Magnetron 4. Open or loose wiring of power relay 5. Defective primary latch switch 6. Defective power relay or Ass'y PCB 	<p>Adjust door and latch switches.</p> <p>Check high voltage component according to component test procedure and replace if it is defective.</p> <p>Replace PCB main.</p>

6-1 Electrical Malfunction(continued)

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven lamp and fan motor turn on	1. Misadjustment or loose wiring of primary latch switch 2. Defective primary latch switch	Adjust door and latch switches.
Oven can program but timer does not start.	1. Open or loose wiring of secondary interlock switch 2. Off-alignment of primary interlock 3. Defective secondary interlock S/W	Adjust door and interlock switches.
Microwave output is low;. Oven takes longer time to cook food.	1. Decrease in power source voltage. 2. Open or loose wiring of magnetron filament circuit. (Intermittent oscillation)) 3. Aging of magnetron	Consult electrician.
Fan motor turns on when plugged in	Loose wiring of door sensing switch	Check wire of door sensing switch.
Oven does not operate and return to the plugged in mode.	Defective Ass'y PCB	Replace PCB main.
Loud buzzing noise can be heard.	1. Loose fan and fan motor 2. Loose screws on H.V.Transformer 3. Shorted H.V.Diode	Tighten screws of fan motor. Tighten screws of H.V.Transformer. Replace H.V.Diode.
Turntable motor does not rotate.	1. Open or loose wiring of turntable motor. 2. Defective turntable motor.	Check the wire of turntable motor Replace turntable motor.
Oven stops operation during cooking	1. Open or loose wiring of primary interlock switch 2. Operation of thermal cutout(Magnetron)	Adjust door and latch switches.
Sparks	1. Metallic ware or cooking dishes touching on the oven wall. 2. Ceramic ware trimmed with gold or silver powder also causes sparks.	Inform the customer. Do not use any type of cookware with metallic trimming.
Uneven cooking	Uneven intensity of microwave due to its characteristics.	Wrap thinner parts of the food with aluminum foil. Use plastic wrap or cover with a lid. Stir once or twice while cooking foods such as soup, cocoa, or milk.
Noise from the turntable motor when it starts to operate.	Noise may result from the motor.	Replace turntable motor.

7. Exploded Views and Parts List

7-1 Exploded Views



7-2 Main Parts List


Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
M 1	DE70-30001A	PANEL-OUTER	SECC,T0.6,360,1128,EPOXY-COATI	1	
M 2	DE63-90035G	CUSHION-RUBBER	DFA20,T2,W190,L100,BLK	1	
M 3	DE61-50017A	BRACKET-UPPER	SECC1,T0.6,340,216	1	
M 4	DE47-70031G	HEATER-GRILL	D6.6,230V1280W,M9G45,SJH	1	
M 5	DE63-20017A	GASKET-HEATER	BRASS,T1.5,OD30.5,ID22.5	1	
M 6	DE60-40009B	WASHER-TEFLON	SLOT,ID22.2,OD28,T1.2,TEFLON	1	
M 7	DE61-50021A	BRACKET-FLANGE	SECC1,T0.8,32,32	1	
M 8	DE61-50347A	BRACKET-EARTH	BSS2-A,T1.0,W35,L43,MBGF45	1	
M 9	DE61-50027B	BRACKET-HEATER	SECC,T1.0,W51,L55,CE945GF	1	
M10	DE93-20001A	ASSY BODY LATCH	2ND-W1,M97G45/M9745	1	
M11	DE39-20058C	ASSY POWER CORD	KKP-4819D/B232,250V16A,L1700,G	1	
M12	DE26-10100A	TRANS-H.V	SHV-945EG1,230V,2280V/3.15V,50	1	▲
M13	2501-001107	C-OIL	1.1uF,2.1KV,BK,54x35x85,20mm	1	
M14	DE61-50106A	BRACKET-HVC	SECC,T0.8,W31,L125.8	1	
M15	DE59-40001A	DIODE-H.V	HVR-1X-32B-12	1	
M16	DE91-70061A	ASSY-H.V.FUSE	THV060T-0800-H,5KV/0.8A,WHT	1	
M17	DE31-10156A	MOTOR-FAN	SMF-945EA,230/50,2400,M97G45	1	
M18	DE91-40095A	ASSY NOISE FILTER	SN-E10D(N),250V,10A,2ND-WD-TYP	1	
M19	DE61-40017A	FOOT	PP(A353),BLK,MW5630T	2	
M20	DE80-10001A	BASE-PLATE	SGCC,T0.8,345,565	1	
M21	DE31-10154A	MOTOR-DRIVE	M2HJ49ZR02,ST-16,50/60HZ	1	
M22	DE71-60382A	COVER-CEILING	MICASHEET,T0.5,70,133	1	
M23	DE71-60016A	COVER-AIR	PP,2,WHT,M945/M245	1	
M24	4713-001031	LAMP-INCANDESCENT	230V,173mA,40W,ORG,-,-,25x69mm	1	
M25	DE93-30416L	ASSY CONTROL-BOX	CE957GR/BWT	1	▲
M26	DE92-40178D	ASSY DOOR	HANDLE,WHT,NO-VITALITY	1	▲
M27	DE61-30006A	SUPPORTER-HEATER	ALUMINA,5G,2ND-W/P	1	
M28	DE61-70060A	SPRING-PLATE	SK-5,T0.5	1	
M29	DE61-50490A	BRACKET-TCO	SECC1,T0.6,34,58	1	
M30	OM75PH(31)ESS	ASSY-MAGNETRON	OM75PH(31)ESS	1	▲
M31	DE47-20009A	THERMOSTAT	PW2N-520PB,160/60,250V/7.5A,H,	1	
M32	DE47-20161A	THERMOSTAT	PW2N(120/110)187Z23.,250V/7.5A	1	
M33	DE47-20008A	THERMOSTAT	PW2N-52JC,100/60,250V/7.5A,H,1	1	CV-TCO
M34	DE74-20015B	TRAY-COOKING	GLASS,T6.0,PI318,1050G,MW5630T	1	
M35	DE92-90189L	ASSY-GUIDE ROLLER	STD,D19,SPS,BLK	1	
M36	DE67-60075A	COUPLER	PPS,7G,BRN,M97G45	1	
M37	DE74-70003B	RACK-WIRE	MSWR3,3,3,290,125,SNC2	1	
M38	DE65-20014A	CABLE CLAMP	DA-6N,NY-66	1	P-CORD
M39	DE71-60015A	COVER-BACK	SGCC-Z,T0.5,353,526,CE945G	1	
M40	DE72-60005A	GUIDE-AIR	SECC1-P,T0.5,210,225	1	
M41	3601-000448	FUSE-FERRULE	250V,10A,SB,CERAMIC,6.35X31.8MM	1	
M42	3601-001126	FUSE-FERRULE	250V,1.6A,FA,CERAMIC,5X20MM	1	
M43	DE39-40409A	WIRE HARNESS-E	230V50HZ,M9G45,CTW	1	
M44	DE39-40568A	WIRE HARNESS-A	230V50HZ,CE745G/CE945G	1	

● : Option Parts


▲ : Warning

▲ :Electrostatically Sensitive Devices

7-2 Door Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
D 1	DE64-40274A	DOOR-A	ABS,T3,W284,L411,350G,WHT,M957	1	
D 2	DE64-40280D	DOOR-SCREEN	P.C,T2.0,W252.5,L392.6,NO-VITA	1	
D 3	DE64-40275A	DOOR-SUB	ABS,T2.5,W261,L398.7,300G,WHT,	1	
D 4	DE92-50127H	ASSY DOOR-E	COATING,BLACK,T0.8,-,-,-	1	
D 5	DE64-40012A	DOOR-C	RESIN-PP(TB53),T2.0,CE945GF,BL	1	
D 6	DE01-00002A	FILM-DOOR	PET,T0.15,275,175,NTR,CE945GF,	1	
D 7	DE64-40264C	DOOR-KEY	POM(F20-02),5g,BLK,-,2ND HANDL	1	
D 8	DE61-70126A	SPRING-KEY	0.8,0.36,6,BLURING,-,-	1	
D 9	DE61-80002A	HINGE-UPPER	SCP1,T2.3,26,77,ZPC3,WHT,CE945	1	
D10	DE61-80003A	HINGE-LOWER	SCP1,T2.3,26,77,ZPC3,WHT,CE945	1	

7-3 Control Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
C 1	RC-957G-04	ASSY PCB PARTS	MWO,CE957GR,230V50HZ	1	
C 2	DE72-70182P	CONTROL-PANEL	ABS,-,-,-,WHT,170G,CE957GR/BWT	1	
C 3	DE67-40147A	WINDOW-DISPLAY	ACRYL,SMOG,M757/CE757G	1	
C 4	DE66-20183B	BUTTON-SELECT-B	ABS(HR-0370D),WHT,M757(SDW/SKW	1	
C 5	DE66-20185A	BUTTON-SELECT-A	ABS,WHT,M757/CE757G	2	
C 6	DE66-20184A	BUTTON-SELECT-C	ABS(HR-0370D),WHT,M757(SKW,SDW	1	
C 7	DE64-10128A	KNOB	ABS(HR-0370D),WHT,M757/CE757G	1	

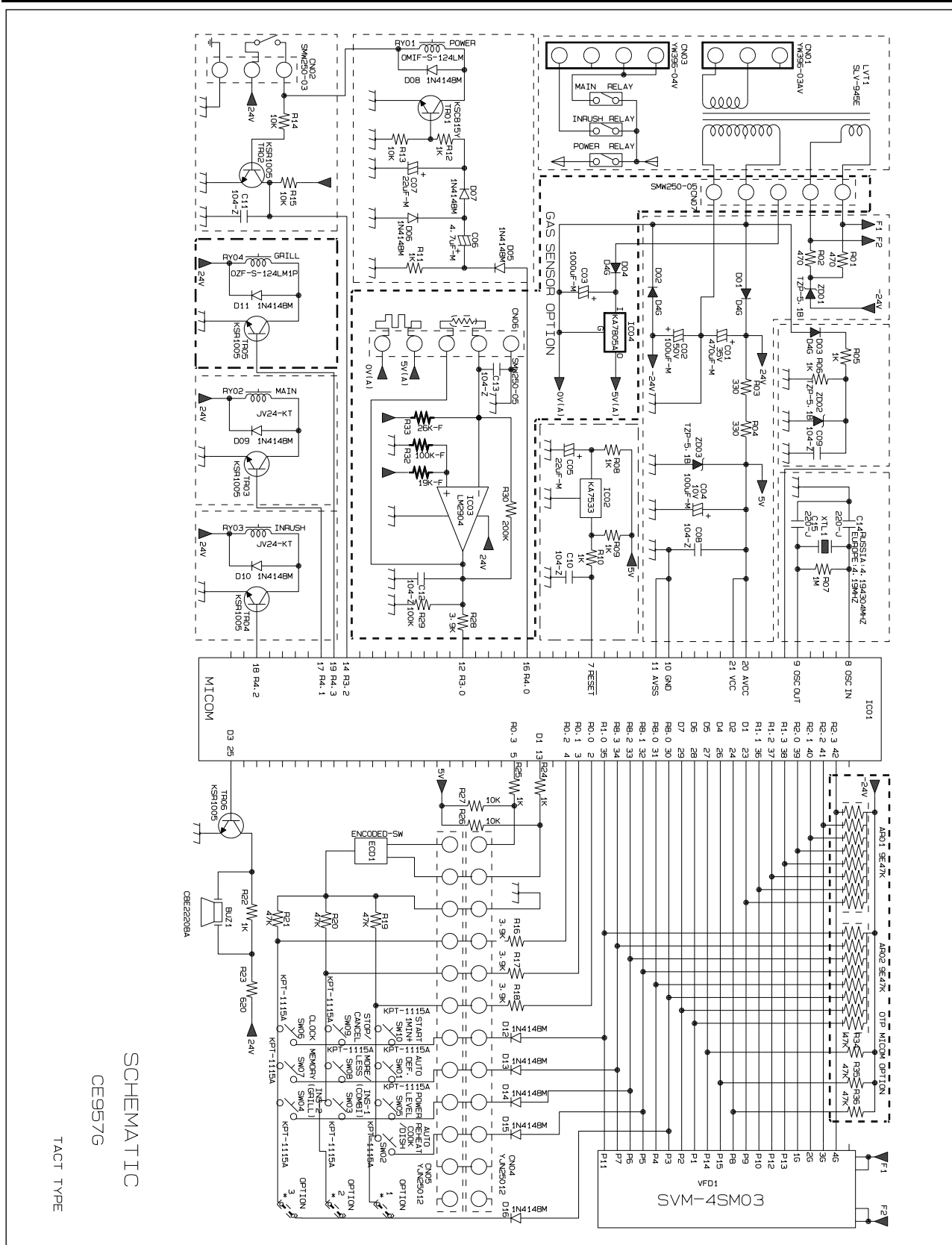
7-4 Body Latch Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
B 1	DE66-40001A	LATCH-BODY	POM(F20-02) 40GR NTR	1	
B 2	3405-000178	SWITCH-MICRO	VP-533A-OF-PS(T85) 250V,15A	2	
B 3	3405-000175	SWITCH-MICRO	VP-531A-OF(T85) 250V,15A,20	1	
B 4	DE66-90001A	LEVER-SWITCH	P.O.M(F20-02) 2 6 NTR 2ND-W	1	
B 5	DE72-60106A	GUIDE-S/W	ABS BLK	1	

7-5 Standard Parts List

Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
DE60-10012A	SCREW-TAP TITE	TH,+,3,M4,L10,SWR10,ZPC2,TOOTH	1	N-F-EA
DE60-10012A	SCREW-TAP TITE	TH,+,3,M4,L10,SWR10,ZPC2,TOOTH	1	P-C-EA
DE60-10012A	SCREW-TAP TITE	TH,+,3,M4,L10,SWR10,ZPC2,TOOTH	1	S-M-EA
DE60-10013A	SCREW-ASSY TAP	TH,2S,4,L12,MSWR3,ZPC3,FIBER	1	MO/FAN
DE60-10018A	SCREW-ASSY MACHINE	PH,M4X0.7P,8,MSWR10,SN1,WS	2	B/EATH
DE60-10024A	SCREW-PH	PH,+,M4,L8,MSWR10,ZPC	2	B/HEAT
DE60-10045A	SCREW-TAP PH	PH,M3,L6,FEFZY	2	MG-TCO
DE60-10069A	SCREW-TAP TH	TH,M4,L10,FRFZY	3	B/UPPE
DE60-10069A	SCREW-TAP TH	TH,M4,L10,FRFZY	1	CV/AIR
DE60-10072A	SCREW-TAP TH	TH,M4,L16,FEFZY,2-SLOT	1	CB-CMP
DE60-10080A	SCREW-WASHER	M5,L12,2S	4	MGT
DE60-10080A	SCREW-WASHER	M5,L12,2S	4	TNS-HV
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A	2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	B-PLTE
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A	2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	CN-BOX
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A	2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	LATCH
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A	2S-4X12,TOOTHED	5	PN-OUT
DE60-10098A	SCREW-ASSY TAP TITE	PH,TC,M4X8,SWRCH18A,ZPC2,GLD,W	1	CV-TCO
DE60-10098A	SCREW-ASSY TAP TITE	PH,TC,M4X8,SWRCH18A,ZPC2,GLD,W	2	M/DRIV
DE60-10122A	SCREW-TAP TH	TAP,TH,2-4X8,FE,FN	2	C-CEIL
DE60-20063A	BOLT-FLANGE	M4,10,ZPC3,YEL,MSWR	2	HI-LOW
DE60-20063A	BOLT-FLANGE	M4,10,ZPC3,YEL,MSWR	2	HI-UPP
DE60-10045A	SCREW-TAP PH	PH,M3,L6,FEFZY	1	B-TCO
DE60-10098A	SCREW-ASSY TAP TITE	PH,TC,M4X8,SWRCH18A,ZPC2,GLD,W	1	B-HVC
DE60-10012A	SCREW-TAP TITE	TH,+,3,M4,L10,SWR10,ZPC2,TOOTH	1	B-PLATE
DE60-10088A	SCREW-TAP PH	PH,M3,L8,FEFZY,PLAIN	12	PCB
DE60-10045A	SCREW-TAP PH	PH,M3,L6,FEFZY	1	GUIDE-AIR

8-1 P.C.B Diagrams



8-2 P.C.B Parts List

No.	Parts No.	Description	Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
P 1	3406-001031	SWITCH-ROTARY	10V,1mA,DP24T,18.3mm	1	ECD2
P 2	3501-001016	RELAY-MINIATURE	24V,12.5mA,5A,1FormA,8mS,4mS	2	RY02,RY03
P 3	3501-001062	RELAY-POWER	24VDC,523.2mW,16A,1FormA,15mS,	1	RY01
P 4	3501-001068	RELAY-POWER	24Vdc,523mW,16A,1FormA,15mS,10	1	RY04
P 5	3710-000132	CONNECTOR-SOCKET	12P,1R,2.5mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CN05
P 6	DE07-10081A	V.F.DISPLAY	SVM-4SM03,GRN/RSHORG,4,51,81.7	1	VFD1
P 7	DE09-30672A	IC-MCU	HD404316-D30S,4BIT,DIP,6K,4MHz	1	IC01 
P 8	DE26-20141A	TRANS-L.V	SLV-945E,230V,50HZ,AC17/2.9V	1	LVT1
P 9	DE30-20016A	BUZZER	CBE2220BA,STICK	1	BUZ1
P10	DE37-90020A	CONNECTOR ASSY	YJN25012,PLATE,73MM,WHT	1	CN04
P11	DE61-90004A	HOLDER-DIGITRON	NYLON#66,1.5,85,36,8GR,BLK	1	-
P12	0401-001002	DIODE-SWITCHING	1N4148M,100V,200mA,DO-34,TP	5	D05,D06,D07,D08,D09
P12	0401-001002	DIODE-SWITCHING	1N4148M,100V,200mA,DO-34,TP	5	D10,D11,D12,D13,D14
P12	0401-001002	DIODE-SWITCHING	1N4148M,100V,200mA,DO-34,TP	3	D15,D16,D17
P13	0402-001103	DIODE-RECTIFIER	1T4,400V,1A,TS-1,TP	3	D01,D02,D03
P14	0403-000525	DIODE-ZENER	1N4733A,5.1V,5%,1W,DO-41,TP	3	ZD01,ZD02,ZD03
P15	0501-000388	TR-SMALL SIGNAL	KSC815,NPN,400mW,TO-92,BK,120-	1	TR01
P16	0504-001045	TR-DIGITAL	KRC119M,NPN,400MW,4.7K/10K,TO-92M,TP	4	TR02,TR03,TR04,TR05
P16	0504-001045	TR-DIGITAL	KRC119M,NPN,400MW,4.7K/10K,TO-92M,TP	1	TR06
P17	2001-000037	R-CARBON(S)	3300HM,5%,1/2W,AA,TP,2.4X6.4MM	2	R03,R04
P18	2001-000290	R-CARBON	10KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	5	R13,R14,R15,R26,R27
P19	2001-000429	R-CARBON	1KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	5	R05,R06,R08,R09,R10
P19	2001-000429	R-CARBON	1KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	5	R11,R12,R23,R24,R25
P20	2001-000435	R-CARBON	1MOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	1	R07
P21	2001-000613	R-CARBON	3.9KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	3	R16,R17,R18
P22	2001-000780	R-CARBON	4700HM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	2	R01,R02
P23	2001-000786	R-CARBON	47KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	3	R19,R20,R21
P24	2001-000904	R-CARBON	6200HM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,1.8X3.2MM	1	R22
P25	2202-000205	C-CERAMIC,MLC-AXIAL	22pF,5%,50V,SL,TP,1.9x3.5,-	2	C14,C15
P26	2202-000780	C-CERAMIC,MLC-AXIAL	100nF,+80-20%,50V,Y5V,TP,3.5x1	4	C08,C09,C10,C11
P27	2401-000244	C-AL	100uF,20%,10V,GP,TP,6.3x7,5	1	C04
P28	2401-000914	C-AL	22uF,20%,16V,GP,TP,5x11,5	2	C05,C07
P29	2401-001415	C-AL	470uF,20%,35V,GP,TP,10x20,5	1	C01
P30	2401-001573	C-AL	47uF,20%,50V,GP,TP,6.3x11,2.5	1	C02
P31	2401-002075	C-AL	4.7uF,20%,50V,GP,TP,5x11,5	1	C06
P32	2801-003214	CRYSTAL-UNIT	4.194304MHz,50ppm,28-AAA,12pF,	1	XTL1
P33	3404-001022	SWITCH-TACT	15V,20mA,130°±40gf,6x6x5mm,SPS	3	SW01,SW02,SW11
P33	3404-001022	SWITCH-TACT	15V,20mA,130°±40gf,6x6x5mm,SPS	3	SW12,SW13,SW14
P33	3404-001022	SWITCH-TACT	15V,20mA,130°±40gf,6x6x5mm,SPS	3	SW15,SW16,SW17
P33	3404-001022	SWITCH-TACT	15V,20mA,130°±40gf,6x6x5mm,SPS	1	SW18
P34	3711-000203	CONNECTOR-HEADER	1WALL,3P,1R,3.96MM,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CN01
P35	3711-000240	CONNECTOR-HEADER	1WALL,4P,1R,3.96mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CN02
P36	3711-000881	CONNECTOR-HEADER	BOX,3P,1R,2.5mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CN03
P37	DE13-20009A	IC	KA7533,DIP	1	IC02
P38	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER	PIO.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE	5	J01,J02,J03,J04,J05
P38	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER	PIO.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE	5	J06,J07,J08,J09,J10
P38	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER	PIO.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE	5	J11,J12,J13,J14,J15
P38	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER	PIO.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE	3	J16,J27,J28

9. Schematic Diagrams

9-1 Schematic Diagrams

