

Sabancı University  
Faculty of Engineering and Natural Sciences  
EE 568 - DETECTION AND ESTIMATION THEORY

**Problem Set No. 1**

Spring 2012-2013

**Issued:** Monday, March 4, 2013

**Due:** Tuesday, March 12, 2013

**Problem 1.1**

Consider the random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  whose joint probability density function is given by

$$p_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 0.5 & |x+y| \leq 1 \text{ \& } |x-y| \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Specify the covariance matrix  $\Lambda_{XY}$ .
- (b) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  uncorrelated?
- (c) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

**Problem 1.2**

Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be zero-mean jointly Gaussian random variables with covariance matrix

$$\Lambda_X = \begin{bmatrix} 34 & 12 \\ 12 & 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $X = [X_1 \ X_2]^T$ .

- (a) Verify that  $\Lambda_X$  is a valid covariance matrix.
- (b) Find the marginal probability density for  $X_1$ .
- (c) Find the probability density for  $Y = 2X_1 + X_2$ .
- (d) Find a linear transformation defining two new variables

$$\begin{bmatrix} X'_1 \\ X'_2 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{P} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

such that  $X'_1$  and  $X'_2$  are statistically independent and such that

$$\mathbf{P}\mathbf{P}^T = \mathbf{I}$$

where  $\mathbf{I}$  is the  $2 \times 2$  identity matrix.

**Problem 1.3**

A group of students is taking a multiple-choice test. For a particular question on the test, the fraction of students who know the answer is  $p$ . The fraction that will have to guess the answer is  $(1 - p)$ . If a student knows the answer, then he/she will certainly answer the question correctly. If a student does not know the answer and must guess, then the probability of answering the question correctly is  $1/n$ , where  $n$  is the number of choices for the given question.

- (a) Compute the probability  $P_c$  that a student who answers the question correctly actually knew the answer.
- (b) Suppose that the professor believes that  $p = 0.85$ , i.e. that 85% of the students actually know the answer. Furthermore, suppose that he/she wants to design the multiple choice question such that  $P_c \geq 0.95$ , i.e. such that correct answers on the question indicate actual knowledge at least with 95% probability. How many choices  $n$  should the problem have?

**Problem 1.4**

Let  $X$  be a continuous *uniform* random variable taking values between 0 and 0.5. Assume that  $X$  is discretized by rounding with a step length of 0.1 between quantization levels and a discrete random variable  $X_d$  is obtained. Plot the pdf of  $X$  and the pmf of  $X_d$ . Find the mean and variance values for both  $X$  and  $X_d$ .