



Initial power supply of the generator on chip U1 is carried out from the charged battery through a surge protector on chip U3, therefore inclusion in a device network will not lead to the inverter start, the consumed current is practically equal to zero.

**Battery connection starts the generator. U2 prevents a battery recharge. Transistor Q5 and resistors R10... R12 limit a charging current at level 6... 7 .**

TR1 2000HM 16X10X4,5

TR2 2000HM 2(38X24X7)

**I - 80 coils a wire in diameter 0,35**

**I - 80 coils a wire in diameter 0,8**

II - 18-----0,69

II - The winding contains 12 coils of a plait from 8 wires in diameter 0,72 .

III - 18-----0,69

Then this winding divide on two semiwindings and connect the end of one to the beginning another, receiving an average point. The average point incorporates to the earth.

**The diode D3 - any germanium with return power is not less 10v.**