



Getting Started with HFSS: A Probe Patch Feed Antenna



ANSYS Product Suite

ANSYS, Inc.

275 Technology Drive
Canonsburg, PA 15317

Tel: (+1) 724-746-3304

Fax: (+1) 724-514-9494

General Information: AnsoftInfo@ansys.com

Technical Support: AnsoftTechSupport@ansys.com

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Inventory *****

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USA

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New editions of this manual incorporate all material updated since the previous edition. The manual printing date, which indicates the manual's current edition, changes when a new edition is printed. Minor corrections and updates that are incorporated at reprint do not cause the date to change.


Update packages may be issued between editions and contain additional and/or replacement pages to be merged into the manual by the user. Pages that are rearranged due to changes on a previous page are not considered to be revised.

Edition	Date	Software Version
1	Jan 2006	10.0
2	May 2007	11.0
3	February 2009	12.0
4	September 2010	13.0

Conventions Used in this Guide

Please take a moment to review how instructions and other useful information are presented in this guide.

- Procedures are presented as numbered lists. A single bullet indicates that the procedure has only one step.
- Bold type is used for the following:
 - Keyboard entries that should be typed in their entirety exactly as shown. For example, “**copy file1**” means to type the word **copy**, to type a space, and then to type **file1**.
 - On-screen prompts and messages, names of options and text boxes, and menu commands. Menu commands are often separated by carats. For example, click **HFSS>Excitations>Assign>Wave Port**.
 - Labeled keys on the computer keyboard. For example, “Press **Enter**” means to press the key labeled **Enter**.
- Italic type is used for the following:
 - Emphasis.
 - The titles of publications.
 - Keyboard entries when a name or a variable must be typed in place of the words in italics. For example, “**copy file name**” means to type the word **copy**, to type a space, and then to type a file name.
- The plus sign (+) is used between keyboard keys to indicate that you should press the keys at the same time. For example, “Press **Shift+F1**” means to press the **Shift** key and the **F1** key at the same time.
- Toolbar buttons serve as shortcuts for executing commands. Toolbar buttons are displayed after the command they execute. For example,

“On the **Draw** menu, click **Line**  ” means that you can click the Draw Line toolbar button to execute the **Line** command.

Alternate methods or tips are listed in the left margin in blue italic text.

Getting Help

Ansoft Technical Support

To contact Ansoft technical support staff in your geographical area, please log on to the Ansoft corporate website, <http://www.ansoft.com>, click the **Contact** button, and then click **Support**. Phone numbers and e-mail addresses for the technical support staff are listed. You can also contact your Ansoft account manager in order to obtain this information. All Ansoft software files are ASCII text and can be sent conveniently by e-mail. When reporting difficulties, it is extremely helpful to include very specific information about what steps were taken or what stages the simulation reached, including software files as applicable. This allows more rapid and effective debugging.

Help Menu

To access online help from the HFSS menu bar, click **Help** and select from the menu:

- **Contents** - click here to open the contents of the online help.
- **Search** - click here to open the search function of the online help.
- **Index** - click here to open the index of the online help.

Context-Sensitive Help

To access online help from the HFSS user interface, do one of the following:

- To open a help topic about a specific HFSS menu command, press **Shift+F1**, and then click the command or toolbar icon.
- To open a help topic about a specific HFSS dialog box, open the dialog box, and then press **F1**.

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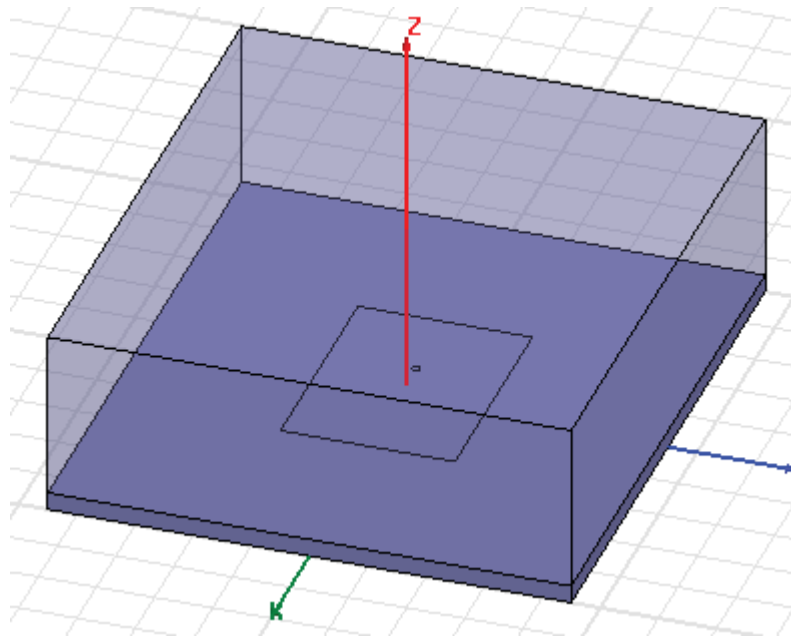
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Probe Feed Patch Antenna

This example is intended to show you how to create, simulate, and analyze a probe feed patch antenna using the Ansoft HFSS Design Environment.



Getting Started

Click the Microsoft Start button, select **All Programs>Ansoft>HFSS 12>HFSS 12** or double click on the HFSS 12 icon on the Windows Desktop

Adding a Project and Design

To insert a design into an open project:

- 1 Click **Project>Insert HFSS Design** or on the Toolbar click the Insert HFSS Design icon.

The new HFSS design appears in the Project tree.

Setting Tool Options

To set the tool options:

Note: In order to follow the steps outlined in this example, verify that the following tool options are set :

- 1 Click **Tools>Options>HFSS Options**
- 2 In the **HFSS Options** dialog click the **General** tab
Check "Use Wizards for data input when creating new boundaries."
Check "Duplicate boundaries/mesh operations with geometry."
- 3 Click OK to close the **HFSS Options** dialog.
- 4 Click **Tools>Options>Modeler Options**.
- 5 The **Modeler Options** dialog opens with the **Operation** tab.
- 6 Check "Automatically cover closed polyline."
- 7 Click the **Drawing** tab
Check "Edit property of new primitives."
This causes the **Properties** window for new primitives to open automatically.
- 8 Click the OK button

Set Solution Type

To set the solution type:

- 1 Click **HFSS>Solution Type**

The **Solution Type** dialog opens.

- 2 Choose Driven Terminal
- 3 Click the OK button

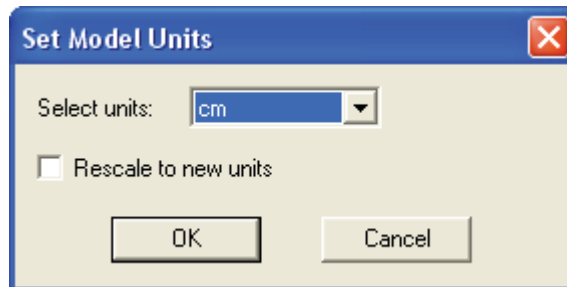
Set Model Units

To set the units:

Click **Modeler>Units**

Set Model Units:

Select Units: cm

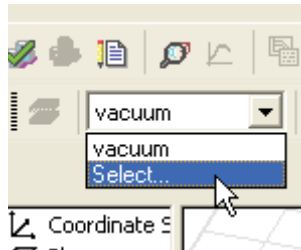


Click the OK button

Set Default Material

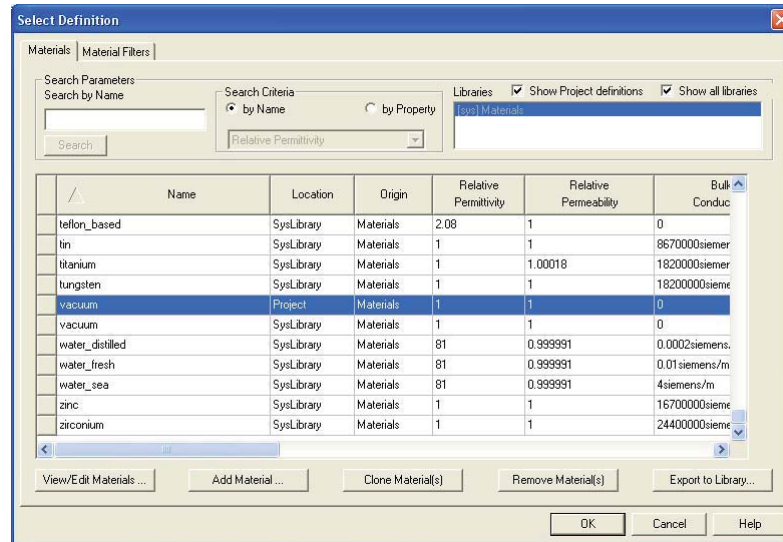
To set the default material:

- 1 Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose **Select...**



- 2 This opens the Select Definition window with the Materi-

als tab.



1. In the Search by Name field, type Rogers RT/ duroid 5880 (tm).

Click the OK button

Create Substrate

To create the substrate:

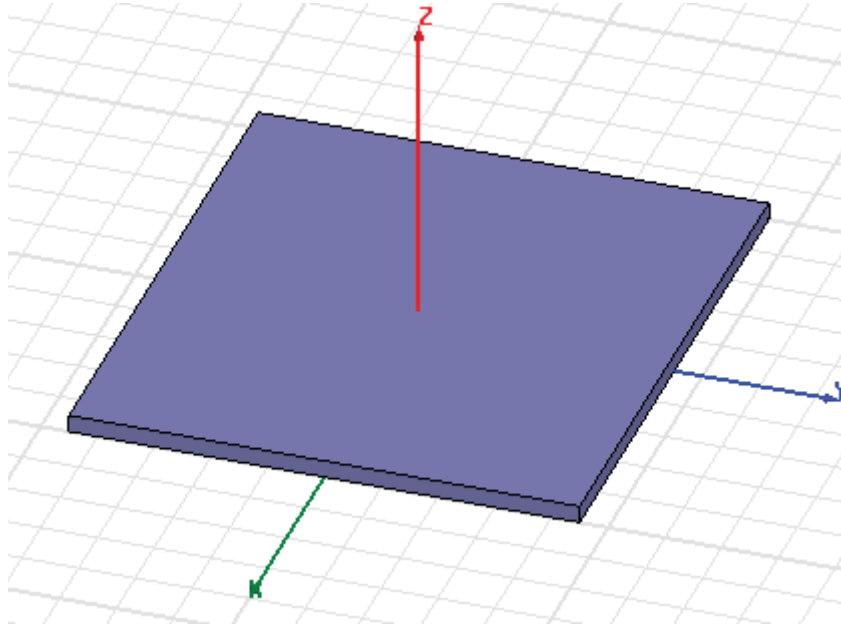
- 1 Click Draw>Box
- 2 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the box position X: -5.0 Y: -4.5, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the box dX: 10.0, dY: 9.0, dZ: 0.32, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1 In the Properties window Name field type: Sub1
- 2 Click the OK button

To fit the view:

Click View>Fit All>Active View, or press the CTRL+D.



Create Infinite Ground

To create the infinite ground:

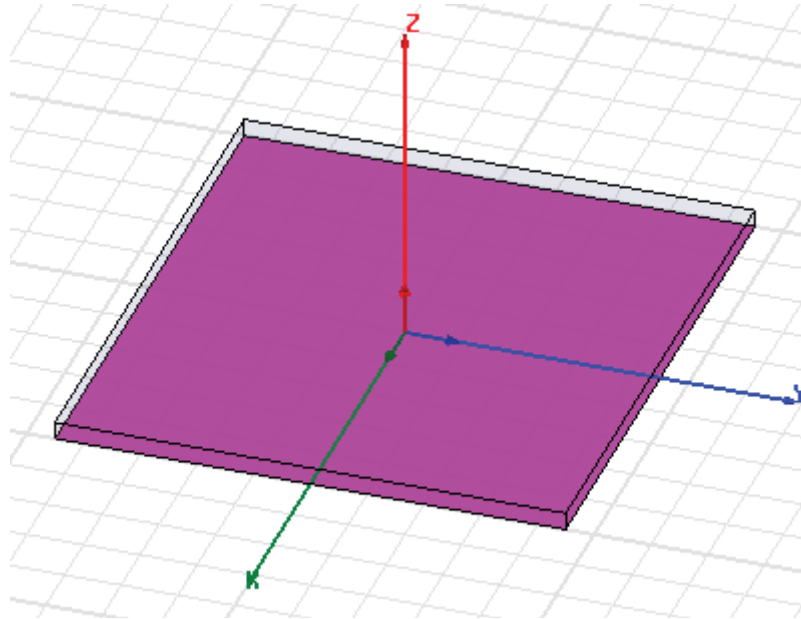
- 1** Click Draw>Rectangle
- 2** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the rectangle position
X: -5.0, Y: -4.5, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the rectangle:
dX: 10.0, dY: 9.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1** In the Properties window Name field type: Inf_GND
- 2** Click the OK button

To fit the view:

Click View>Fit All>Active View.



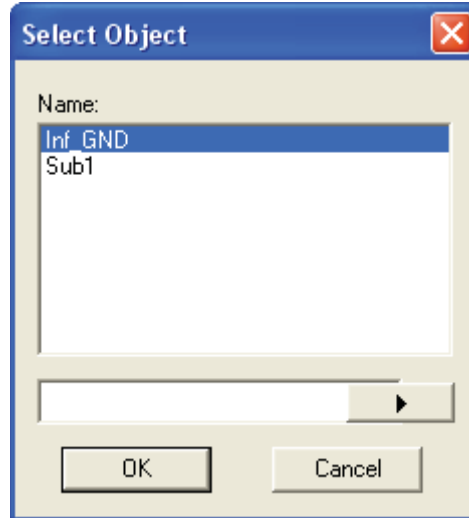
Assign a Perfect E boundary to the Infinite Ground

To select the trace:

- 1 Click Edit>Select>By Name

The Select Object dialog opens.

- 2** Select the objects named: Inf_GND

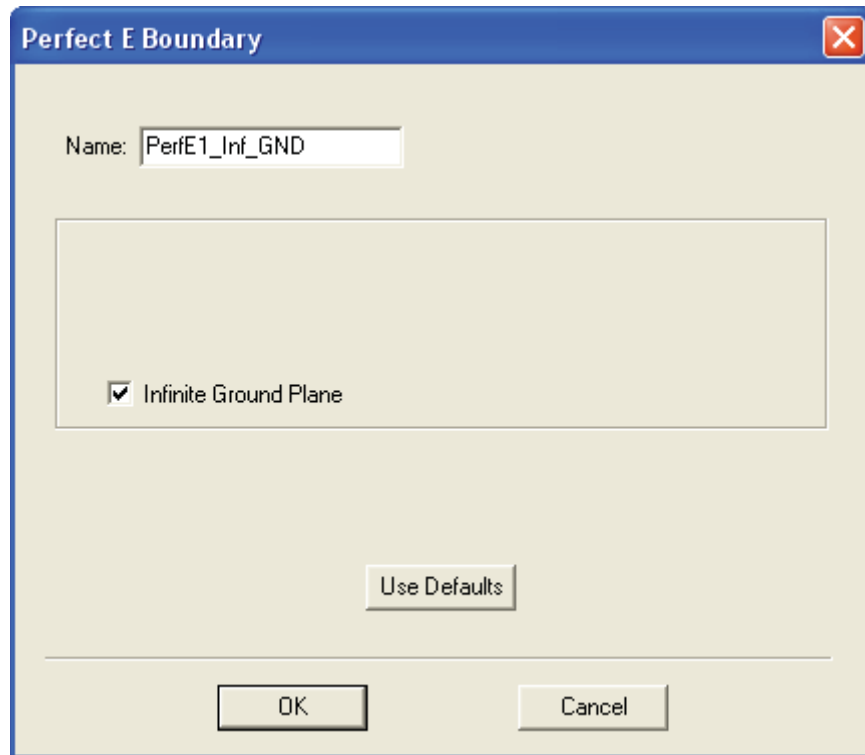


- 3** Click the OK button

To assign the Perfect E boundary

- 1** Click HFSS>Boundaries>Assign>Perfect E
The Perfect E Boundary dialog opens.
- 2** Specify the Name as: PerfE_Inf_GND

Check "Infinite Ground Plane."



3 Click the OK button

Create Infinite Ground Cut Out

To create the cut out:

- 1** Click Draw>Circle
- 2** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the center position
X: -0.5, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
dX: 0.16 , dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1** In the Properties window Name field type: Cut_Out
- 2** Click the OK button

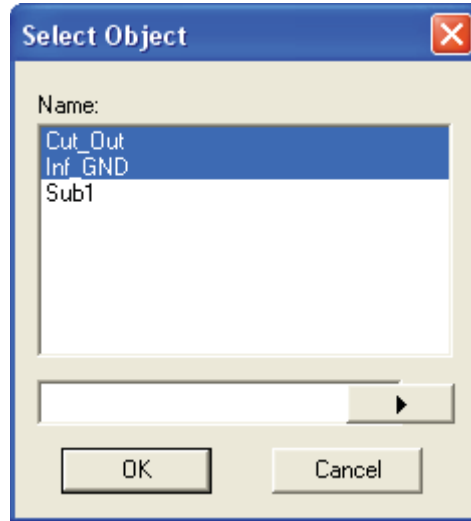
Complete the Infinite Ground

To select the objects Inf_GND and Cut_Out:

- 1 Click Edit>Select>By Name

The Select Object dialog opens.

- 2 Select the objects named: Inf_GND, Cut_Out



- 3 Click the OK button

To complete the ring:

- 1 Click Modeler>Boolean>Subtract

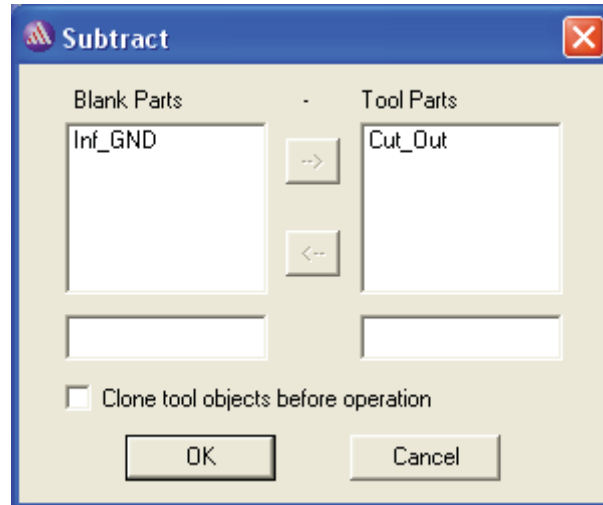
The Subtract dialog opens:

- 2 Make the following assignments:

Blank Parts: Inf_GnD

Tool Parts: Cut_Out

Clone tool objects before subtract: Unchecked



- 3 Click the OK button

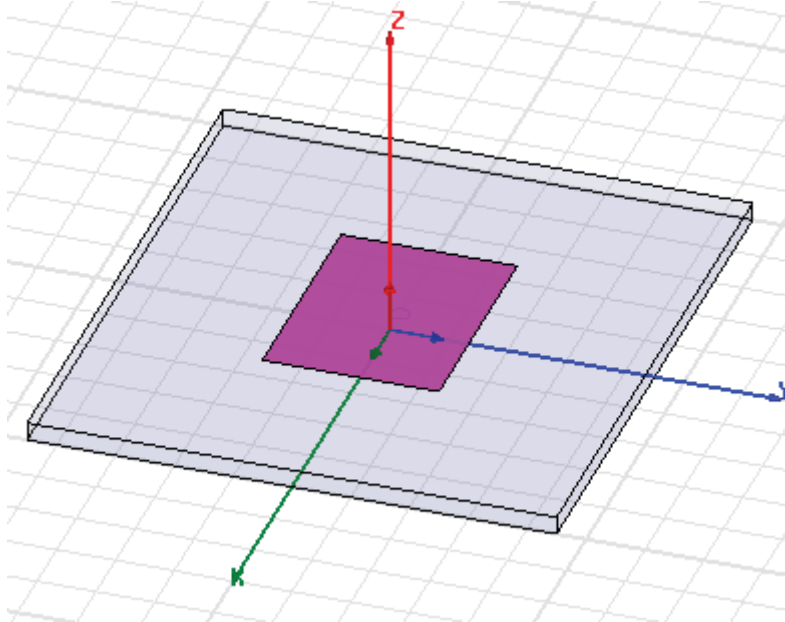
Create Patch

To create the patch:

- 1 Click **Draw>Rectangle**
- 2 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the rectangle position
X: -2.0, Y: -1.5, Z: 0.32, Press the Enter key
- 3 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the rectangle:
dX: 4.0, dY: 3.0, dZ: 0.0, Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1 In the **Properties** window Name field type: Patch
- 2 Click the OK button



Assign a Perfect E boundary to the Trace

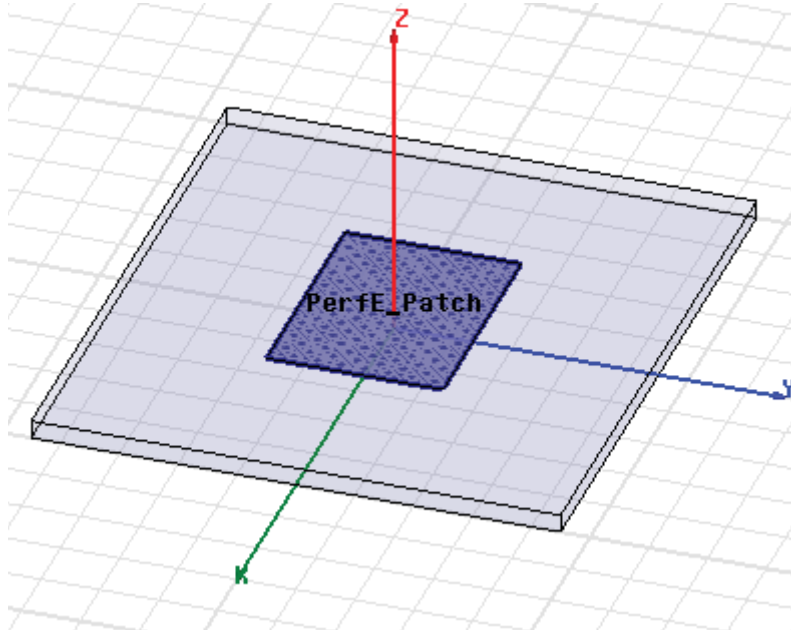
To select the trace:

- 1 Click **Edit>Select>By Name**
 2. The **Select Object** dialog opens.
- 2 Select the objects named: Patch
- 3 Click the OK button

To assign the Perfect E boundary

- 1 Click **HFSS>Boundaries>Assign>Perfect E**
The Perfect E Boundary dialog opens.
- 2 Specify the Name: PerfE_Patch

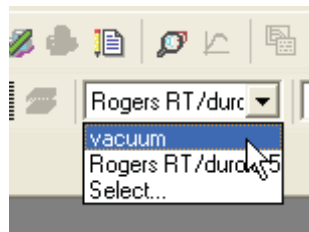
- 3 Click the OK button



Create the Coax

To set the default material:

- 1 Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose vacuum.



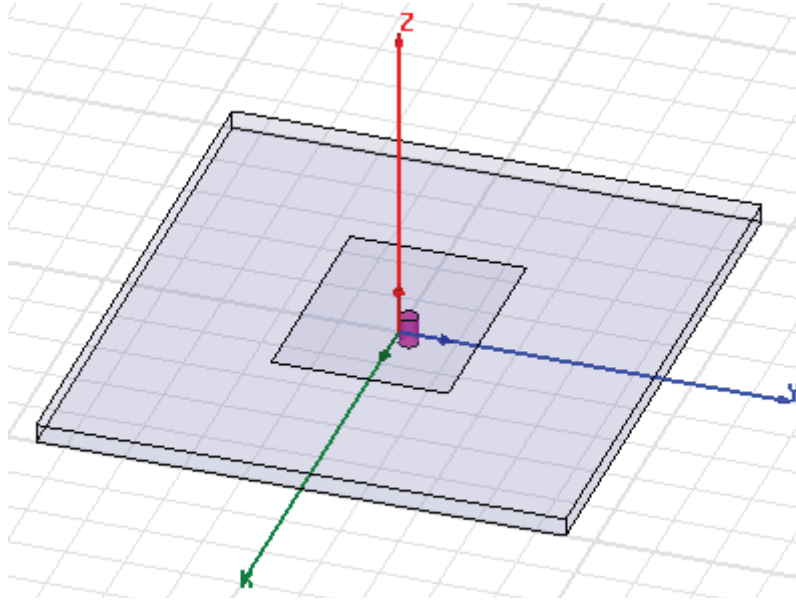
To create the coax:

- 1 Click **Draw>Cylinder**
- 2 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
X: -0.5, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0 Press the Enter key
- 3 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
dX: 0.16, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0 Press the Enter key

- 4 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: -0.5 Press the Enter key

To set the name:

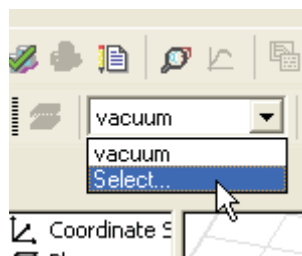
- 1 In the **Properties** window Name field type: Coax
- 2 Click the OK button.



Set Default Material

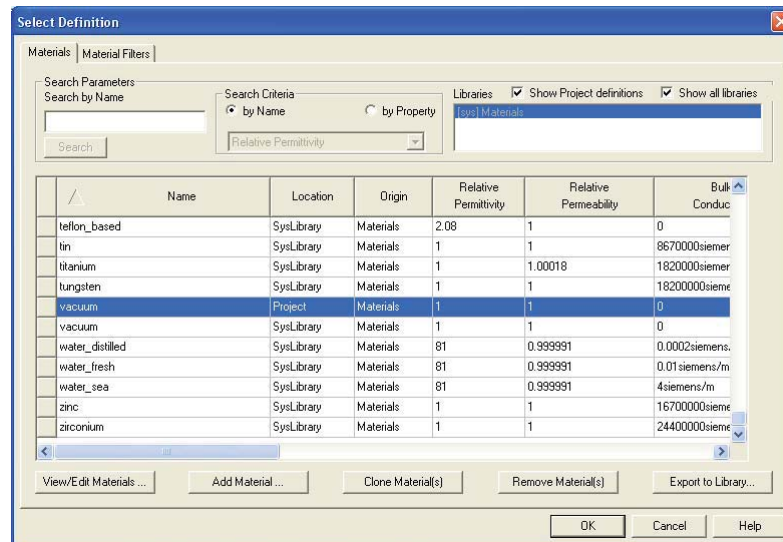
To set the default material:

- 1 Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose Select...

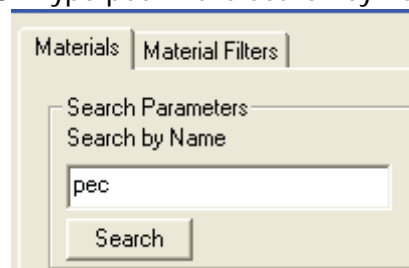


- 2 This opens the Select Definition window with the Materi-

als tab.



3 Type pec in the Search by Name field.



This highlights the pec material.

4 Click the OK button.

This sets the default material to pec

Create the Coax Pin

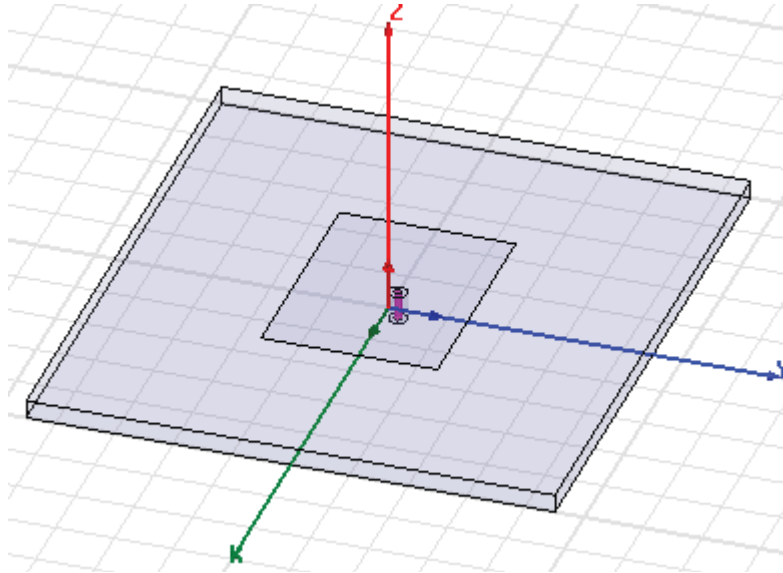
To create the coax pin:

- 1** Click **Draw>Cylinder**
- 2** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
X: -0.5, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0 Press the Enter key
- 3** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
dX: 0.07, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0 Press the Enter key

- 4** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: -0.5 Press the Enter key

To set the name:

- 1** In the **Properties** window Name field type: Coax_Pin
- 2** Click the OK button.



Create the Wave port

To create a circle that represents the port:

- 1** Click **Draw>Circle**
- 2** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the center position
X: -0.5, Y: 0.0, Z: -0.5 Press the Enter key
- 3** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius of the circle:
dX: 0.16, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0 : Press the Enter key

To set the name:

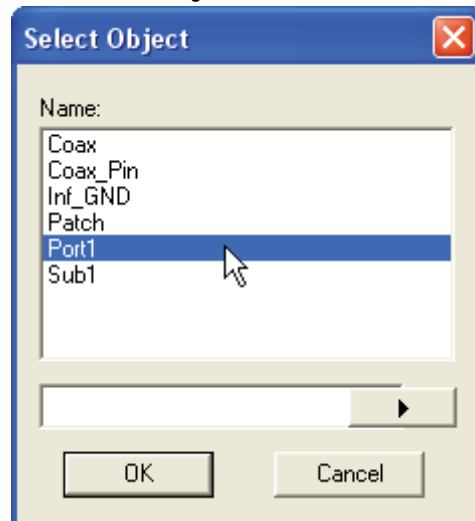
- 1** In the **Properties** window Name field type: Port1
- 2** Click the OK button

To select the object Port1:

- 1 Click **Edit>Select>By Name**

This opens the Select Object dialog,

- 2 Select the objects named: Port1



- 3 Click the OK button

To assign wave port excitation

- 1 Click **HFSS>Excitations>Assign>Wave Port**

The Reference Conductors for Terminals dialog opens.

- 2 Specify the Name: p1

3 Select "Use port object name."

Reference Conductors for Terminals:...

Port Name:

Terminal Naming

☐ Use conductor name

☒ Use port object name

NOTE: Multiple reference conductors touching a port must all be connected in the plane of the port.

Conductor	Use as Reference
Coax_Pin	<input type="checkbox"/>

☒ Highlight selected conductors

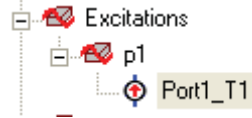
OK Cancel

4 Leave Use as Reference unchecked and Highlight selected conductors checked.

5 Click OK.

The terminal is created under Excitations for the p1 Port

in the Project tree.



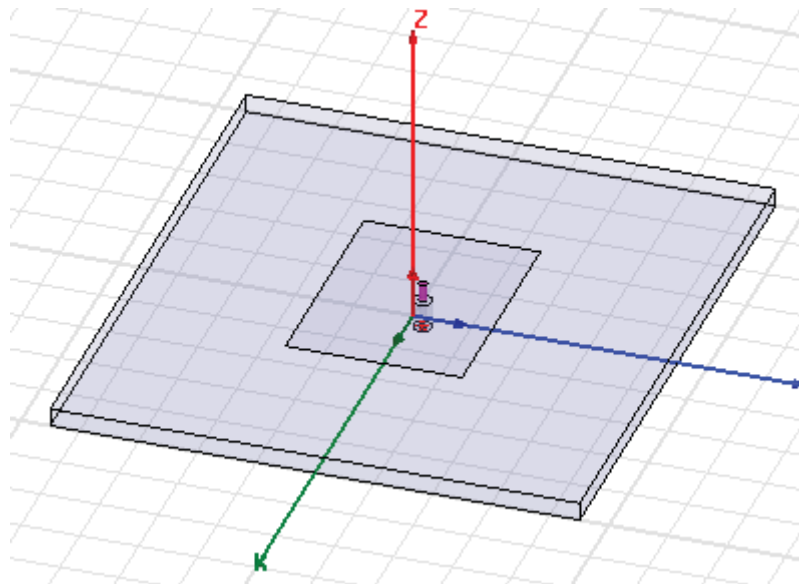
Create the Probe

To create the probe:

- 1** Click **Draw>Cylinder**
- 2** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the cylinder position
X: -0.5, Y: 0.0, Z: 0.0 Press the Enter key
- 3** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the radius:
dX: 0.07, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.0 Press the Enter key
- 4** Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the height:
dX: 0.0, dY: 0.0, dZ: 0.32 Press the Enter key

To set the name:

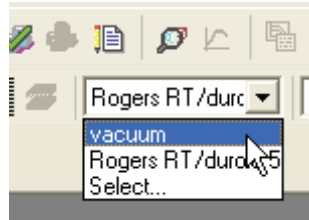
- 1** In the **Properties** window Name field type: Probe
- 2** Click the OK button



Set Default Material

To set the default material:

- 1 Using the 3D Modeler Materials toolbar, choose vacuum.



Create Air

To create the air:

- 1 Click **Draw>Box**
- 2 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the box position
X: -5.0, Y: -4.5, Z: 0.0, Press the Enter key
- 3 Using the coordinate entry fields, enter the opposite corner of the box
dX: 10.0, dY: 9.0, dZ: 3.32, Press the Enter key

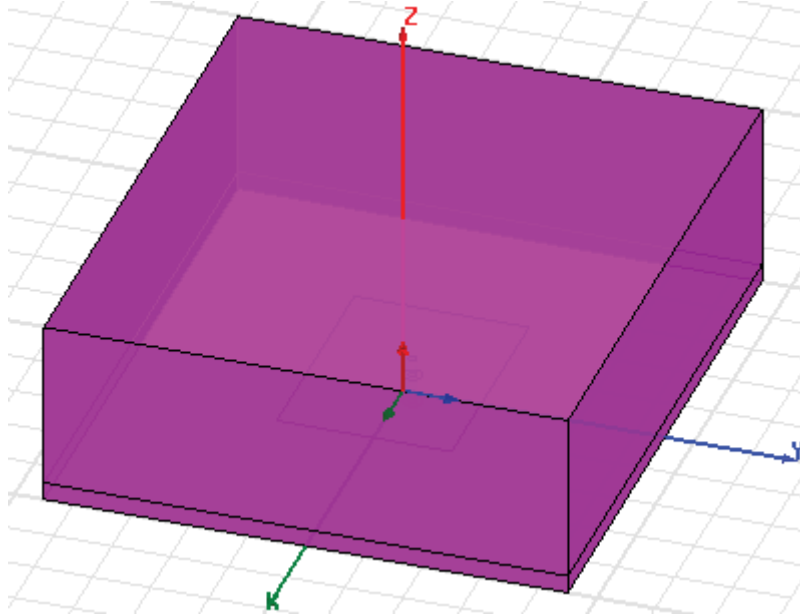
To set the name:

- 1 In the **Properties** window Name field type: Air

Click the OK button

To fit the view:

Click View>Fit All>Active View.



Create Radiation Boundary

Pick the faces:

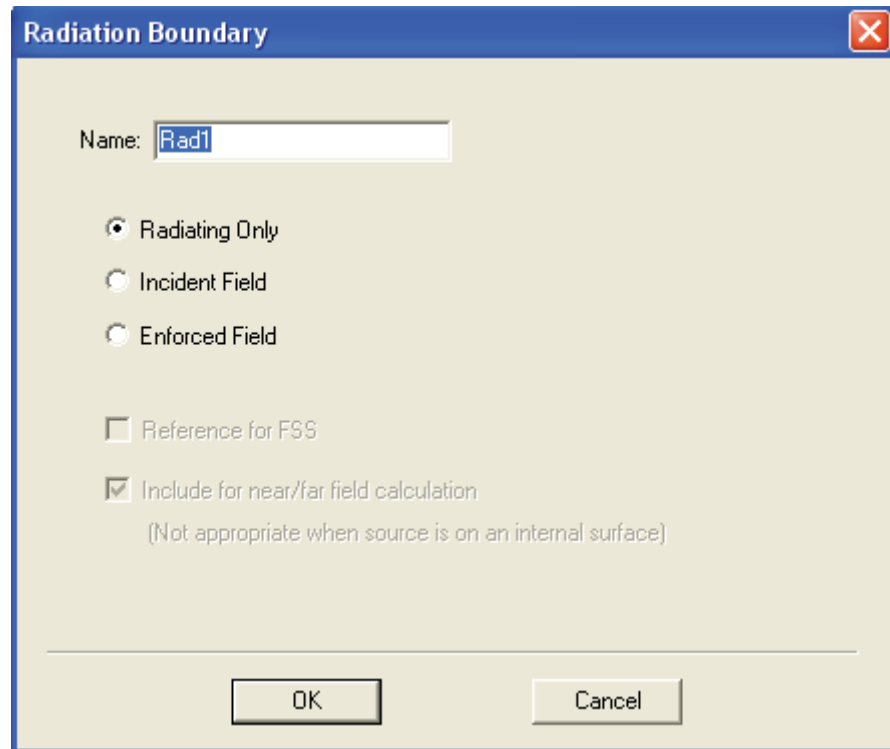
- 1 Click Edit>Select>Faces
- 2 Graphically select all of the faces of the Air object except the face at Z=0.0cm. (The bottom)
You can hold down the Alt key, and click the top face, and then hit the "b" key to select a "face behind." After selecting the two faces behind, you can select the remaining three surface faces.

To create a radiation boundary

- 1 Click HFSS>Boundaries>Assign>Radiation

The Radiation Boundary dialog opens.

2 Name: Rad1



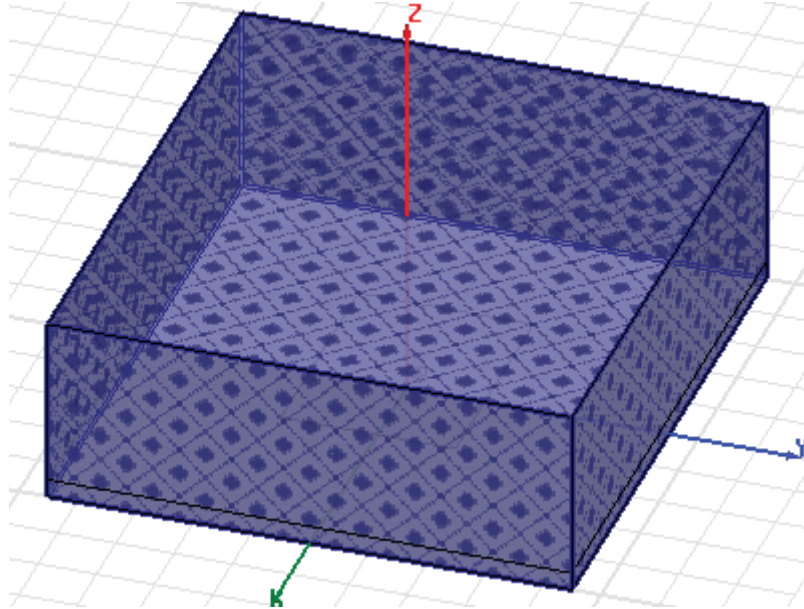
The image shows a 'Radiation Boundary' dialog box from a software application. The dialog has a blue title bar with the text 'Radiation Boundary' and a red close button. The main area is light beige. At the top, there is a 'Name:' label followed by a text box containing 'Rad1'. Below this are three radio button options: 'Radiating Only' (selected), 'Incident Field', and 'Enforced Field'. Further down are two checkboxes: 'Reference for FSS' (unchecked) and 'Include for near/far field calculation' (checked). A note in parentheses follows the second checkbox: '(Not appropriate when source is on an internal surface)'. At the bottom, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Name:

☒ Radiating Only
☐ Incident Field
☐ Enforced Field

☐ Reference for FSS
☒ Include for near/far field calculation
(Not appropriate when source is on an internal surface)

- 3** Click the OK button.



Create a Radiation Setup

To define the radiation setup

- 1** Click HFSS>Radiation>Insert Far Field Setup>Infinite Sphere

- 1** Sphere

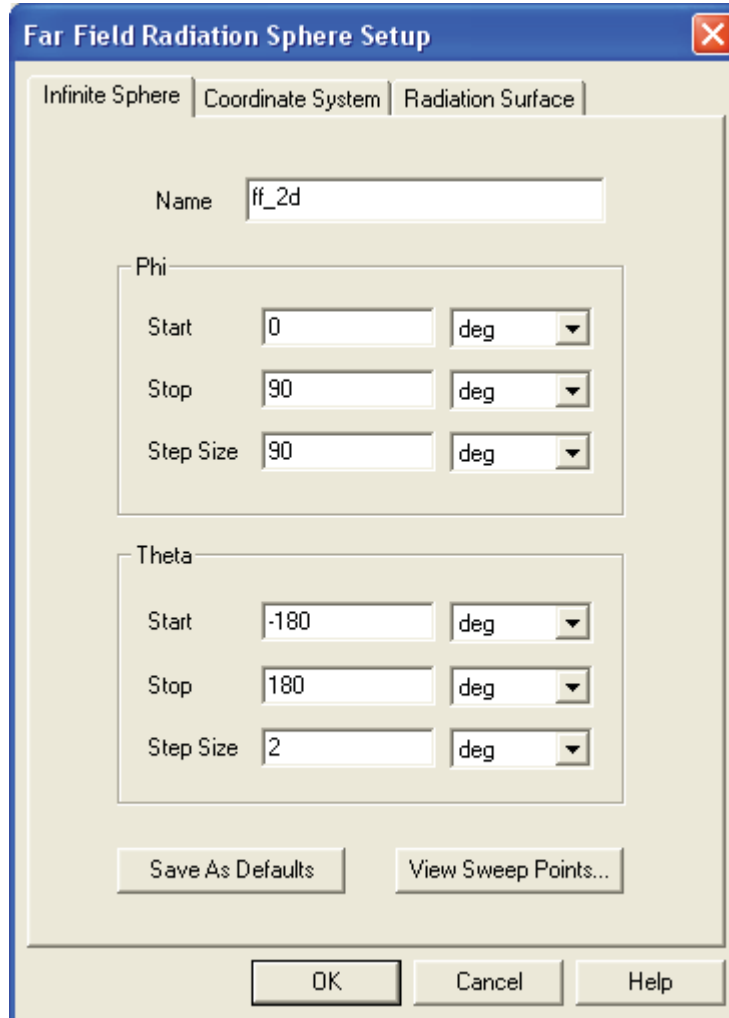
The Far Field Radiation Sphere Setup dialog opens.

- 2** Select the Infinite Sphere Tab

Name: ff_2d

Phi: (Start: 0, Stop: 90, Step Size: 90)

Theta: (Start: -180, Stop: 180, Step Size: 2)



3 Click the OK button

Analysis Setup

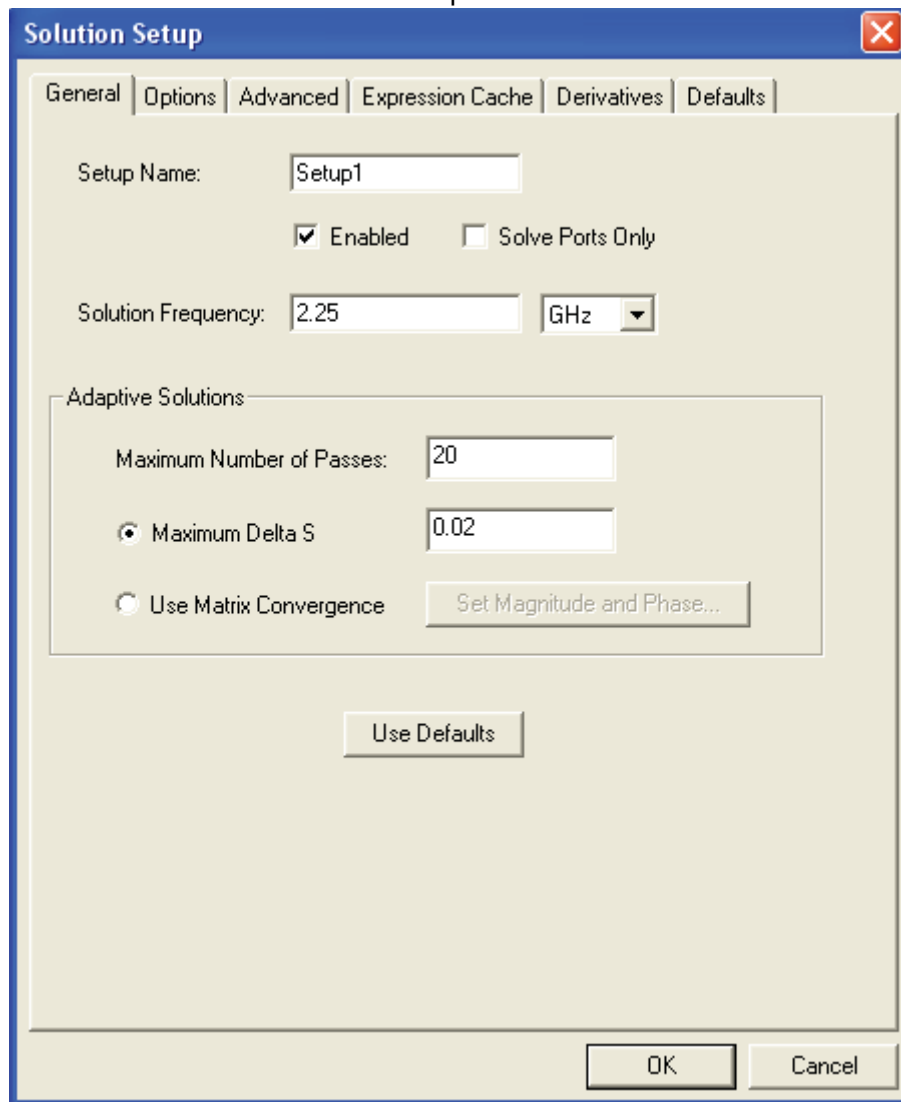
Creating an Analysis Setup

To create an analysis setup:

1 Click HFSS>Analysis Setup>Add Solution Setup

The Solution Setup dialog opens.

- 2 In the General tab:
Solution Frequency: 2.25 GHz
: Maximum Number of Passes: 20
Maximum Delta S per Pass: 0.02



- 3 Click the OK button

Adding a Frequency Sweep

To add a frequency sweep:

- 1 Click HFSS>Analysis Setup>Add Sweep

The Add/Edit Sweep dialog opens.

- 2 Specify the following:

Sweep Type: Fast

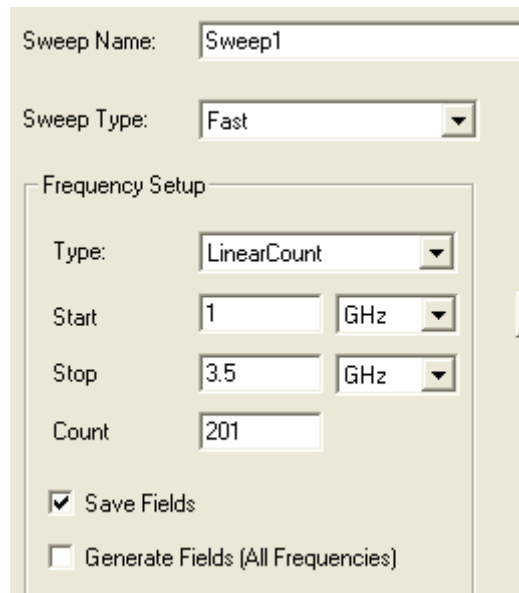
Frequency Setup Type: Linear Count

Start: 1.0GHz

Stop: 3.5GHz

Count: 201

Save Fields: Checked



The screenshot shows the 'Add/Edit Sweep' dialog box. At the top, 'Sweep Name' is set to 'Sweep1'. Below it, 'Sweep Type' is set to 'Fast'. A 'Frequency Setup' section contains the following settings: 'Type' is 'LinearCount', 'Start' is '1' GHz, 'Stop' is '3.5' GHz, and 'Count' is '201'. At the bottom, there are two checkboxes: 'Save Fields' (checked) and 'Generate Fields (All Frequencies)' (unchecked).

- 3 Click the OK button

Save Project

To save the project:

- 1 In an Ansoft HFSS window, click File>Save As.
- 2 From the Save As window, type the Filename: hfss_probepatch
- 3 Click the Save button

Analyze

Model Validation

To validate the model:

- 1 Click HFSS>Validation Check
- 2 Click the Close button

Note: To view any errors or warning messages, use the Message Manager.

To start the solution process:

- 1 Click HFSS>Analyze All

Solution Data

To view the Solution Data:

- 1 Click HFSS>Results>Solution Data

The Solution Data dialog opens.

To view the Profile:

Click the Profile Tab.

To view the Convergence:

Click the Convergence Tab

Note: The default view for convergence is Table. Select the Plot radio button to view a graphical representation of the convergence data.

To view the Matrix Data:

Click the Matrix Data Tab

Note: To view a real-time update of the Matrix Data, set the Simulation to Setup1, Last Adaptive

- 2 Click the Close button

Create Reports

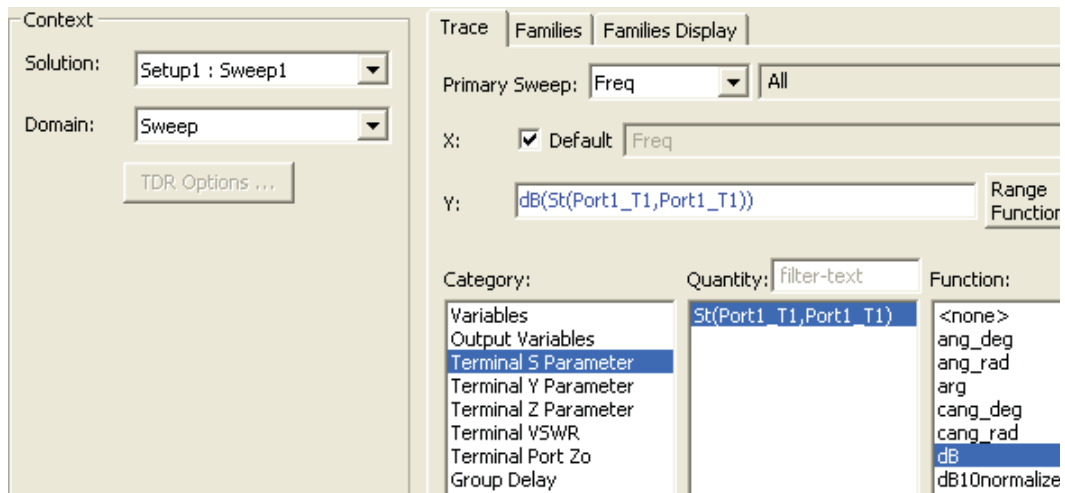
Create Terminal S S-Parameter Plot - Magnitude

To create a report:

- 1 Click HFSS>Results>Create Terminal Solution Data Report.

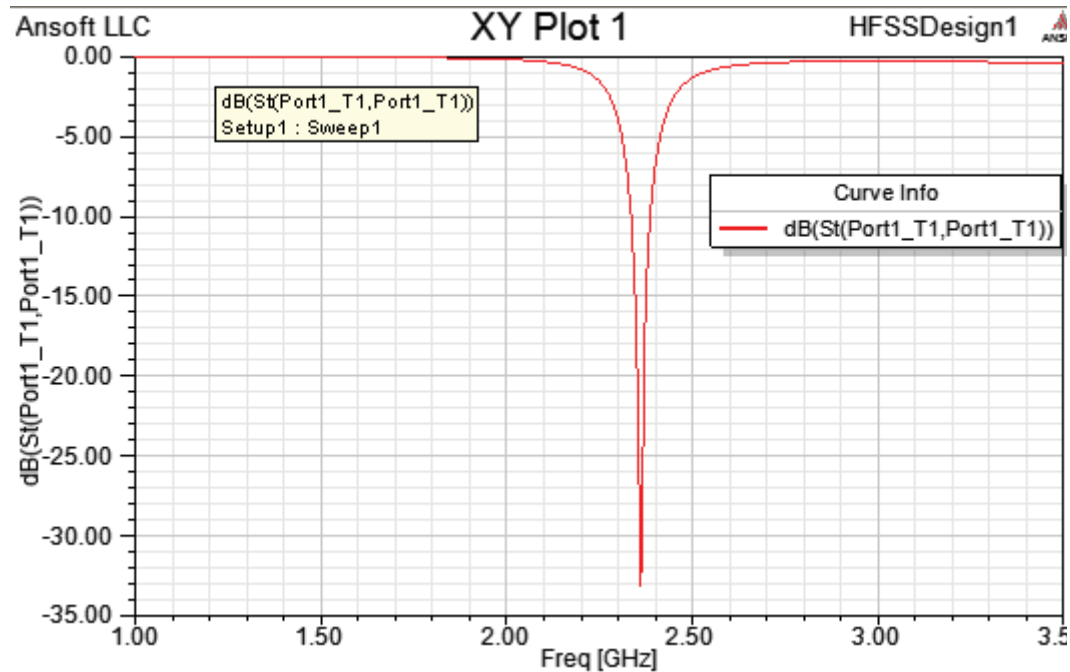
The Reports window opens.

- 2** Make the following selections:
 Solution: Setup1: Sweep1
 Domain: Sweep
 Category: Terminal S Parameter
 Quantity: St(Port1_T1,Port1_T1),
 Function: dB



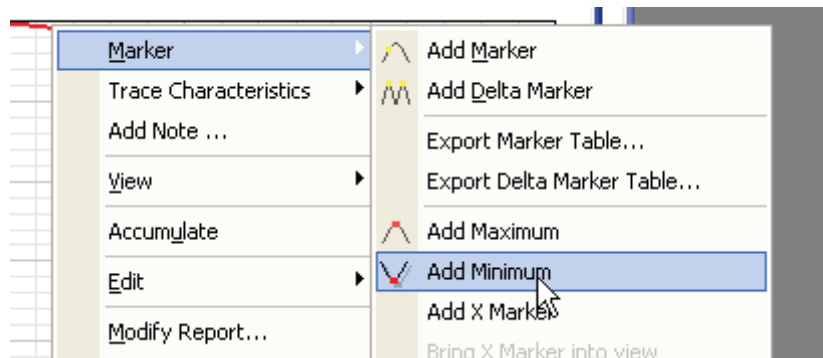
- 3** Click the New Report button

4 Click the Close button.



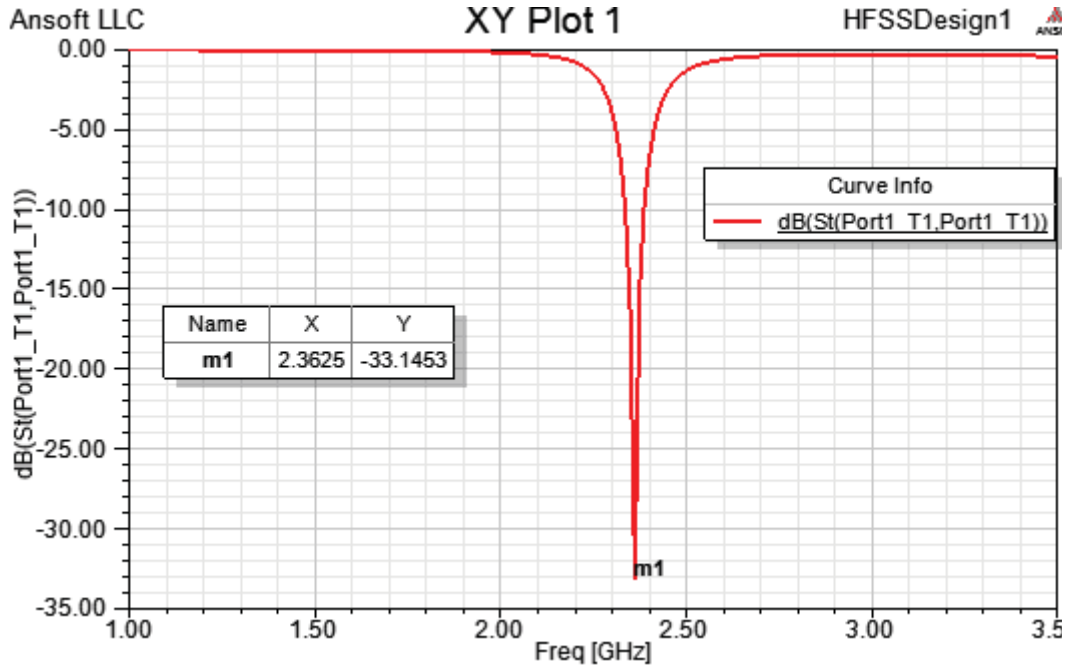
5 Select the trace on the plot.

6 Right click to display the shortcut menu and click Marker>Add Minimum.



A minimum marker (m1) appears on the trace, and a

marker table lists the x and y coordinate values.



Far Field Overlays

Create Far Field Overlay

To create a 2D polar far field plot :

- 1 Click HFSS>Results>Create Far Fields Report>Radiation Pattern.

The Reports dialog appears.

- 2 Specify the following:

Solution: Setup1: Sweep1

Geometry: ff_2d

In the Trace tab:

Select Theta the primary sweep.

Category: Gain

Quantity: GainTotal

Function: dB

3 Click New Report.

